

IRELAND HOPES
BOUNDARY ISSUE
GOES TO LEAGUE

Possibility of Its Doing
So Seen in Registra-
tion of Treaty

EMPHASIS LAID ON
IMPORTANCE OF PACT

Document Regarded as Lever
in Case Deference Is
Shown to Ulster

By Special Cable
DUBLIN, Sept. 19.—Registration of the Anglo-Irish Treaty with the League of Nations last week is not yet receiving attention commensurate with the importance of this step, it is felt here. This action is calculated to give added weight to the claim that the treaty is on a par with other international documents between independent sovereign nations recorded at Geneva since the League was formed.

One of the consequences hoped for from registration of the treaty at Geneva is that should a dispute regarding it arise between the contracting nations, the League would be empowered to adjudicate upon the question at issue. Thus, it is pointed out, that if for any reason Great Britain should show deference to the "intransigence of Ulster," the Free State can throw the whole controversy into the arms of the League and invoke the compulsory arbitration procedure now being worked out there.

By Cable from Monitor Bureau
LONDON, Sept. 19.—The Free State's claim that compulsory de-limitation of the Ulster border should follow from the registration of the Anglo-Irish treaty with the League is scouted in informed circles here. The British position, the representative of The Christian Science Monitor understands, would be that this point does not arise, since it is only for international treaties that the proposal has been made to give the League the powers in question and the Free State is still part of the British Empire.

ANGLO-GERMAN PACT
IS TO BE DISCUSSED
AT BERLIN PARLEY

By Cable from Monitor Bureau
LONDON, Sept. 19.—The British board of trade here announces that conversations commence next week in Berlin with the view of opening negotiations for an Anglo-German commercial treaty. This action is similar to that already commenced by both France and Belgium to replace the arrangements under the Versailles Treaty expiring next year, which gave the allied powers most favored nation treatment without reciprocity.

France in this connection is reported to have already concluded an agreement with Germany, dealing with potato exploitation and to have commenced negotiations for other concessions; for example for securing the free entry into Germany for Alsace and Lorraine goods, also for exclusive arrangements in connection with iron and steel, which British industrialists regard with some jealousy.

Some time since, it will be remembered, Ramsay MacDonald undertook to appoint a committee representative of British industries affected by possible European industrial combinations, to study this subject.

The British board of trade's representative who is to attend the opening convention at the British embassy in Berlin next Monday, is thus to be fully armed.

ITALY'S DODECANESE
ACTS SCRUTINIZED

By Cable from Monitor Bureau
LONDON, Sept. 19.—Italy's pending annexation of the Dodecanese has now come to the forefront in international politics. Rhodes, Cos, and Astypalea appear destined to join Italy's imperial possessions, mainly on naval strategic grounds, but some doubt remains concerning the fate of the others, which are still in Italian occupation.

Report emanates from Mussolini with the intention of returning them to Turkey, but it is difficult to conceive that he would be guilty of an act which would be criminal in the light of history, and a diplomatic blunder of the first magnitude. Resistance to Italian rule will necessarily be delayed—though it may be regarded as inevitable in future—but that the Hellenic inhabitants would accept a return to Turkish domination is practically unthinkable. Other international complications are also unavoidable.

World News in Brief

Washington.—An increase in the retail price of food in the United States by August, amounting to approximately two-thirds of 1 per cent, is shown in figures made public by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Commerce. Nearly half of the articles on which the figures are based showed increases, while the others showed decreases or no change of price.

Santiago, Chile.—Guatemala and Spain have recognized the new military Junta Government of Chile. The Chilean national holiday found the country completely tranquil, but the popular celebrations were reduced in extent and all official observance of the day was canceled.

Erie, Pa.—A precedent in prohibition enforcement in Pennsylvania was established, according to prohibition of-

World Agricultural
Institute to Be Held

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 19.
R. A. W. GILBERT, Massachusetts commissioner of agriculture, visiting the Eastern States Exposition, today told of plans for bringing together world leaders in all lines of agricultural work, at some American university next July for a month's school of instruction and discussion of all the big problems of co-operation in agriculture.

Dr. Gilbert has been appointed chairman of the committee to arrange for the gathering, which he believes should be held in New England. He compares it in importance with the Institute of Politics held annually in Williams-town and with the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, Italy.

The committee has already held three meetings, at the last of which, in Cleveland, O., Dr. Gilbert was made chairman.

HAYNES BARES
PHILADELPHIA
BREWERY RING

Mystery Group Buys Plants
as Permits Are Revoked
and Carries on Business

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 19 (Special).—Roy A. Haynes, Federal Prohibition Commissioner, following a visit to this city when he looked over the situation here, has written a digest of his findings which he incorporates in a letter to E. S. Sams, divisional enforcement chief. His chief deduction is that enforcement is made difficult in this section by the activities of an organization that "buys up breweries as soon as their permits have been revoked," and begins surreptitiously to manufacture beer of illegal alcoholic content.

This organization, he says, is composed of a group of men whose identity never has been disclosed. They use fictitious names in making purchases and operate the plants under old titles.

Rather a surprising bit of information is contained in the statement of the commissioner in raising the point that although "there are 198 potential brewery sites in Pennsylvania, only 43 have permits to operate." In an interview yesterday, Mr. Sams made it plain that it is necessary to have a permit in this State even to manufacture the so-called cereal beverages of low alcoholic content. "We had it plain that this State even to manufacture the so-called cereal beverages of low alcoholic content," he said.

Because this State ranks first in the brewery industry, the problem here has been a difficult one, says Mr. Haynes. "The task of curbing the illegal activities of breweries is rendered difficult by the perfecting of huge organizations whose sole purpose is the handling of an illicit product. These corporations buy the interests of the breweries found violating the law and whose permits have been revoked and begin operating immediately without procuring permits."

The commissioner also referred to the alcoholic situation in this section. "The conversion of alcohol has been greatly reduced," he said, "and 8 per cent of the permit holders who have been cited for hearing to show cause why their permits should not be revoked have lost them."

Only one of Mr. Haynes' moves while here was to confer with Mr. Sams and George W. Coles, United States attorney, in regard to the case against the "Crownwood Industrial Alcohol Company," and it was decided to reopen this case that has figured in the courts for the past three years.

FORBES' TRIAL DATE
TO BE SET OCTOBER 14

CHICAGO, Sept. 19 (P).—George A. Carpenter, Federal Judge, today overruled demurrers of Colonel Charles R. Forbes and John W. Thompson, Chicago and St. Louis contractor, to the indictments charging them with conspiracy in connection with Forbes' administration as director of the Veterans' Bureau. The trial date will be set Oct. 14.

The defense had objected that the indictments charging the defendants with conspiracy to defraud the Government were vague. Judge Carpenter, in ruling in favor of the Government, said that the law provides due safeguards for accused persons, but there is "no indictment that astute students of English law could not criticize." He added that the indictments were sufficiently clear to understand what the Government had in mind, conspiracy to defraud the Government.

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Gotha, Ger. (P).—The new edition of the Almanac de Gotha carries one line referring to the Romanoffs, the former reigning family of Russia. Six printed pages did not suffice for the annals of this family before the war.

Washington.—A year's study in England, Germany, France and Italy of cotton marketing methods, supply, demand and prices, is to be made by Dr. A. B. Cox, agricultural economist of the Department of Agriculture, it is announced.

CHEKIANG ARMY
REVOLT BRINGS
TALK OF PEACE

Gen. Lu's Proposal to Sur-
render Overruled—Scene
of Battle Changes

SHANGHAI, Sept. 19 (P).—The revolt of the third Chekiang army defending Shanghai has thrown the brunt of the battle today on the first army under command of Gen. Ho Feng-lin, defense commissioner, whose army was holding the lines west of Shanghai against the Kiangsu forces fighting for possession of this city.

A report from a Council of War at the headquarters of Gen. Lu Yung-shiang, tuchan of Chekiang Province, said that General Lu was inclined to surrender and to demand a peace parley composed of foreign mediators. The peace proposal was overruled by General Ho, who said his troops were loyal and that he would continue to maintain a defense to save the Woosung forts, at the outer anchorage of Shanghai and the Kiangnan arsenal at Lungwha.

Sentries posted at railway stations and other approaches leading to Lihoo, 30 miles northwest of Shanghai, today refused to permit the passage of any foreigner, including police or press observers.

At 1 p. m., artillery firing was audible west of Shanghai in the direction of Lohoo and Woosung, but there was no evidence of disorder or retreat in the defending Chekiang lines.

Railway telegraphers reported the appearance of a Kiangsu airplane this morning over Nansiang, 12 miles west, where bombs were dropped without damage to the town.

A general alarm was spreading today in the Nantao and Napei districts, comprising the thickly settled Chinese territory adjacent to the Shanghai foreign settlements and a rush of refugees into the foreign quarter was expected.

Chekiang Suing for Peace.
Is Report From Shanghai

By Special Cable
SHANGHAI, Sept. 19.—As the result of the collapse of the Chekiang third army the Shanghai war has virtually ended. Chekiang is suing for peace, near Shanghai, holding out that the Chekiang forces on the southern front, surrendered to Gen. Sun Chuan-fang, Fukien leader. The civil governor of Hangchow has proclaimed the independence of that city. Chekiang forces on the Ningbo front have surrendered to the Kiangsu troops, only the Shanghai mercenaries on the Wangdoong front, near Shanghai, holding out, but a break is expected at any time. Shanghai volunteers have called out the naval guard and the police and prepared for action, as thousands of refugees are flocking to Shanghai. The Hangchow railway is blocked with traffic.

It is reported that Lu Yung-shiang is now at Shanghai communicating with the consular body for peace terms.

Drive for Peking in Progress

PEKING, Sept. 19 (P).—The drive for Peking by the Manchurian army of Chang Tso-lin is in full swing and the Peking Government is rushing troops northward to repel the invasion, it was announced officially by Shanghai.

An airplane attached to the forces of Chang Tso-lin today dropped a bomb near the breakwater at Chinwangtao, Chihli Province, but neither of the vessels was damaged.

PRICE OF GASOLINE
DROPS TO 19 CENTS

A reduction of one cent a gallon in the retail price of gasoline for New England was announced today by the Standard Oil Company and other oil companies. This brings the retail price at many stations to 19 cents a gallon. There are still other stations where the price is even lower.

LORD D'ABERNON TO RESIGN

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—Lord D'Aberton, British Ambassador to Germany, will resign his post as soon as the arrangements in connection with the working of the London Pact are in operation, it is understood here.

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BALTIC NATIONS
COMBINE TO STOP
LIQUOR SMUGGLING

By Special Cable
STOCKHOLM, Sept. 19.—International co-operation of Baltic nations to suppress liquor smuggling is the object of a conference which is to be held at Helsingfors as soon as possible this autumn. The Swedish Government has received an inquiry from the Finnish Government asking whether it would care to send a representative to such a meeting, and it has agreed to do so.

Similar invitations have been sent to Norway, Denmark, Germany, Poland, Latvia, Lithuania, Russia and Estonia, all of which, except Russia and Lithuania, have likewise accepted.

The liquor question is such a difficult problem that it is felt it can hardly be solved by states individually. The increase of liquor smuggling threatens Sweden's restriction regulations and its neighbors, who have the prohibition, have even worse experiences.

STATE DRY LAW
CRUSADE TAKEN
TO ELECTORATE

Statute Lack Branded by
Anti-Saloon League as
"Massachusetts' Shame"

Between 1000 and 1500 citizens of Massachusetts are daily hearing, most of them favorably, the arguments, and appeals in favor of the proposed state prohibition enforcement measure being spread through every city and town in the Commonwealth by the "Law Crusaders," who since Aug. 24 have been carrying on a stamping campaign in favor of ratification of the statute under the auspices of the Anti-Saloon League.

The crusade will continue, at the rate of four stops a day, until Nov. 3, the day before the people are being asked to go to the polls and "vote yes on Referendum No. 2."

William M. Forgrave, superintendent of the league, gave this estimate as the total number who have attended open-air meetings, church convocations, club gatherings, factory forums and showings of the motion picture, "Lest We Forget," which unfolds the actual experience of a young man now serving a life sentence in jail for an offense committed while he was drunk. This picture, shown more than 115 times since its release some months ago, is being projected in available churches in the towns visited by the crusaders.

Some believe that increased revenue should be obtained by a reduction of fares, thus increasing the riders. We dismissed this argument, as experience has demonstrated that it is not the solution.

PURPOSES OF CAMPAIGN

The crusade has three underlying purposes, Mr. Forgrave said this morning. The first is to draw attention to the presence of the referendum on the ballot and to let the voters know exactly what the new law means. Second, the crusaders are putting forth every effort to answer forcefully all opposing arguments to the passage of the bill. Finally, every possible appeal is being used to get the voters to the polls.

The traveling proponents of the law which will remove "the shame of Massachusetts"—nonconurrence with the Volstead Act—believe that explanation and getting the voters to the ballot boxes will result in an overwhelming "yes" vote. Mr. Forgrave pointed out that the defeat of

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Filene Peace Prize Winners
Are Announced by the Judges

Many Well-Known Names Amongst the Contestants,
Including Two Monitor Contributors

By Cable from Monitor Bureau
LONDON, Sept. 19.—Among the British prize winners in the Filene peace award whose names are published here today are Philip Kerr, formerly Mr. Lloyd George's secretary and well known to The Christian Science Monitor readers on account of his participation in the discussions at the Williamstown Institute of Politics and his contributions to the Monitor, and Hugh Spender, who also frequently contributes to the Monitor pages. Each of these won a £10 prize.

Other well-known prize winners are Norman Angell, the militant pacifist, who wins £100; Arthur Ashley Pearson, a prominent civil servant in the Colonial Office; Maj. Gladstone Murray, a Rhodes scholar from McGill University, now on the staff of the British League of Nations Union, £50 each; Mrs. Edgar Dugdale, the Earl of Balfour's niece, and Mrs. W. T. Layton, wife of the editor of the Economist, £25 each.

The competition was carried on in such a way that it was impossible for the judges to know the names of the prize winners until after they had made their awards. The winner of the second prize of £250, Miss Freda White, two out of the four winners of £50, three of the 10 winners of £25 were all on the staff of the British League of Nations Union.

Yet another prize winner was on the League staff at Geneva. The winner of the first prize, as already announced in the Monitor was Bolton C. Waller, formerly Irish secretary of the Student Christian movement now employed by the Irish Free State in connection with the Ulster boundary. Mr. Waller who had three years' war service in Mesopotamia is the author of the book called "Towards the Brotherhood of Nations."

SPRINGFIELD FARE
ADVANCE ALLOWED
Trolley Company to Charge
Toll of 10 Cents

The Commission on Public Utilities handed down a decision today allowing an increase in fares on the Springfield Street Railway system, to take effect Sept. 21. The new schedule of fares is to be a cash fare of 10 cents, and three tickets for 25 cents. The old rate of fare was a straight cash fare of seven cents.

Explaining its action and a history of the case, the commission said: "Apart from the question of law, we think it obvious that a public utility should be allowed rates which, under reasonable, prudent and economical management, will yield a return on capital employed sufficient to make it an attractive investment."

The company in this case has not since 1917, been in this desirable financial condition. In 1917, 1918 and 1919, it paid no dividends. In 1920 it paid 2 per cent, in 1921 it paid 3 per cent, and 5 per cent in 1922 and 1923, making an average dividend for five years of 3 per cent on the par value of the capital stock. In June, 1924, an arbitration commission increased the wages of the company's employees by \$235,000 a year. In addition to this, the railway suffered a serious loss in revenue by reason of a decrease in riding.

Some believe that increased revenue should be obtained by a reduction of fares, thus increasing the riders. We dismissed this argument, as experience has demonstrated that it is not the solution.

RUSSIA PARTICIPATES
IN COLOGNE FAIR

By Special Cable
BERLIN, Sept. 19.—The Cologne Fair has received a great impetus through the active participation of Soviet Russian commercial representatives who have an extensive exhibit there. The general secretary, Mr. Pieper of the Soviet Russian trade representation, declared that Germany had an important place as an outlet for the export of goods.

Export from Russia to Germany, he said, had increased last year 300 per cent. In the last year and a half, Russian commercial representatives had purchased German industrial products for 283,000,000 gold marks.

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Veterans' Association
May Include Germany

By The Associated Press
St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 19.
ADMISSION of Germany to membership in the International Veterans' Association, "to promote world peace" will probably be granted soon, according to a statement made to the American Legion Convention today by Col. Ernest O. Thompson of Amarillo, Tex., one of the American "Fiduc" representatives.

"SANCTIONS"
AGAIN SUBJECT
OF COMPROMISE

British and French Differ-
ences Disposed Of—Near
East Relief Report

By Special Cable
GENEVA, Sept. 19.—The debate on the multiple topic of arbitration, security and disarmament ran into a serious deadlock for a time yesterday, due to the different views of the French and British delegations as to the precise moment when the provisions of Article IX of the Benet protocol should come into effect. Not unnaturally perhaps, the difficulty arose over the application of "sanctions," the early application of which, as might be expected, was urged on the French side, while the British maintained the whole scheme must hang together and the sanctions be not applied until after the conference had arranged the disarmament. In the end the whole difference was more or less disposed of by a compromise agreement, by which the protocol for arbitration and the sanction arrangement should be ratified as soon as possible, but with the proviso that it shall not come into force until after the disarmament conference.

OCEAN TARIFFS
IN CONTROVERSY

Hearing at Washington on
Oct. 7 Interests North
and South Ports

Differentials in ocean freight rates at the various seaports of the Atlantic coast of the United States, which were to be protested and defended at a hearing before the United States Shipping Board at Washington on Sept. 22, will not come up for discussion until Oct. 7. Notice of the postponement of the hearing has just been received from Washington. New England shipping interests are planning to attend, the hearing in defense of the Boston demand for equality of opportunity in foreign commerce. Frank S. Davis, manager of the Maritime Association of the Boston Chamber of Commerce will head the delegation from New England.

Originating last May, when the Port Utilities Commission of Charleston, S. C., and the municipal docks and terminals of Jacksonville, filed a petition with the Shipping Board charging discrimination against Florida, Georgia, North and South Carolina, in the matter of ocean rates to the United Kingdom on certain commodities, over rates enjoyed by ports from Maine to Virginia, the case has assumed more than temporary importance. As shown in the intervening petition of the Maritime Association of the Boston Chamber of Commerce and allied New England business and commercial interests, the real significance of the controversy lies in the question of the method on which future rate structures for ocean transportation are to be erected.

Stand of Southern Ports
Primarily, the issue is based on the claim of southern ports that on certain specified commodities, rates from the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida to the British Isles and the Continent are 7½ cents a hundred pounds or higher than rates on the same commodities shipped from ports in New England, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia. The petition of the southern ports further asserts that export freight traffic has been diverted from southern ports to

the meeting of the second committee was marked by another, giving speech by the Australian delegate against the Paris absorption of the Institute of Intellectual Co-operation. He marvelled that the representatives of so many countries, because of a paltry £5000 or £6000 were prepared, in place of concentrating everything within the movement they had established, to send a very important adjunct of the movement elsewhere. The resolution recommending the acceptance, however, was passed.

A meeting of the Council was held this morning at which several questions relating to the Saar were broached and a statement was made by Lord Parmoor concerning Iraq. Antonio Salandra's report was re-

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GERMAN ENTRY
TO THE LEAGUE
IS UNOPPOSED

M. Herriot Would Present
No Obstacle—British
"Offer" Raises Storm

BRITISH NEWSPAPER
VIGOROUSLY ABUSED

French Remain Firm Disarmament Must Follow Security Problem Solution

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON
By Special Cable

PARIS, Sept. 19.—The new turn in the Geneva discussions again fixes French eyes on the League of Nations. It had been represented that everything was marching happily toward a settlement which would be approved, but today there are outrages against England for apparently withdrawing its promises to put its fleet at the disposition of the League for use against an aggressor. It was obvious from the beginning that the British could not put its fleet in pawn. It would not only be the abandonment of sovereignty, but it would place England in extremely awkward relations with other naval powers remaining neutral and perhaps continuing to trade with the aggressor.

But obvious as these considerations were, the French newspapers have been filled with mendacious reports, representing that security was achieved, and that the whole of the League powers would proceed against an aggressor in case of need. There was general approval, followed now as was inevitable by a strong reaction and even the violent abuse of the British press by the French press.

Charges of Intimidation

The British delegation at Geneva is declared to be intimidated. If England is not prepared to give assurances of its attitude in the event of war, then it is feared that the attempt being made in Geneva will result in failure.

The Monitor representative is emphatically informed that the French view remains that of disarmament only after security is obtained. The effort to induce France to disarm first and submit disputes to arbitration, without providing for sanctions for mutual assistance for security, will not change the French view. Nevertheless the French hope that difficulties will yet be overcome, though it is hard to see how the principal points of difference between France and England can be reconciled.

The whole French policy depends on feeling that the country is safe. Edouard Herriot, the French Prime Minister, may not even be able to go into the disarmament conference unless he holds guarantees of security. So far such guarantees are lacking.

Admission of Germany

With regard to the admission of Germany to the League, the Monitor representative learns that the French Government will not consider that it is its duty to oppose any application which Germany may make before the end of the present session. On the whole it is hoped that Germany will take the necessary steps next week. The inclusion of this country would automatically remove the greatest objection against the League.

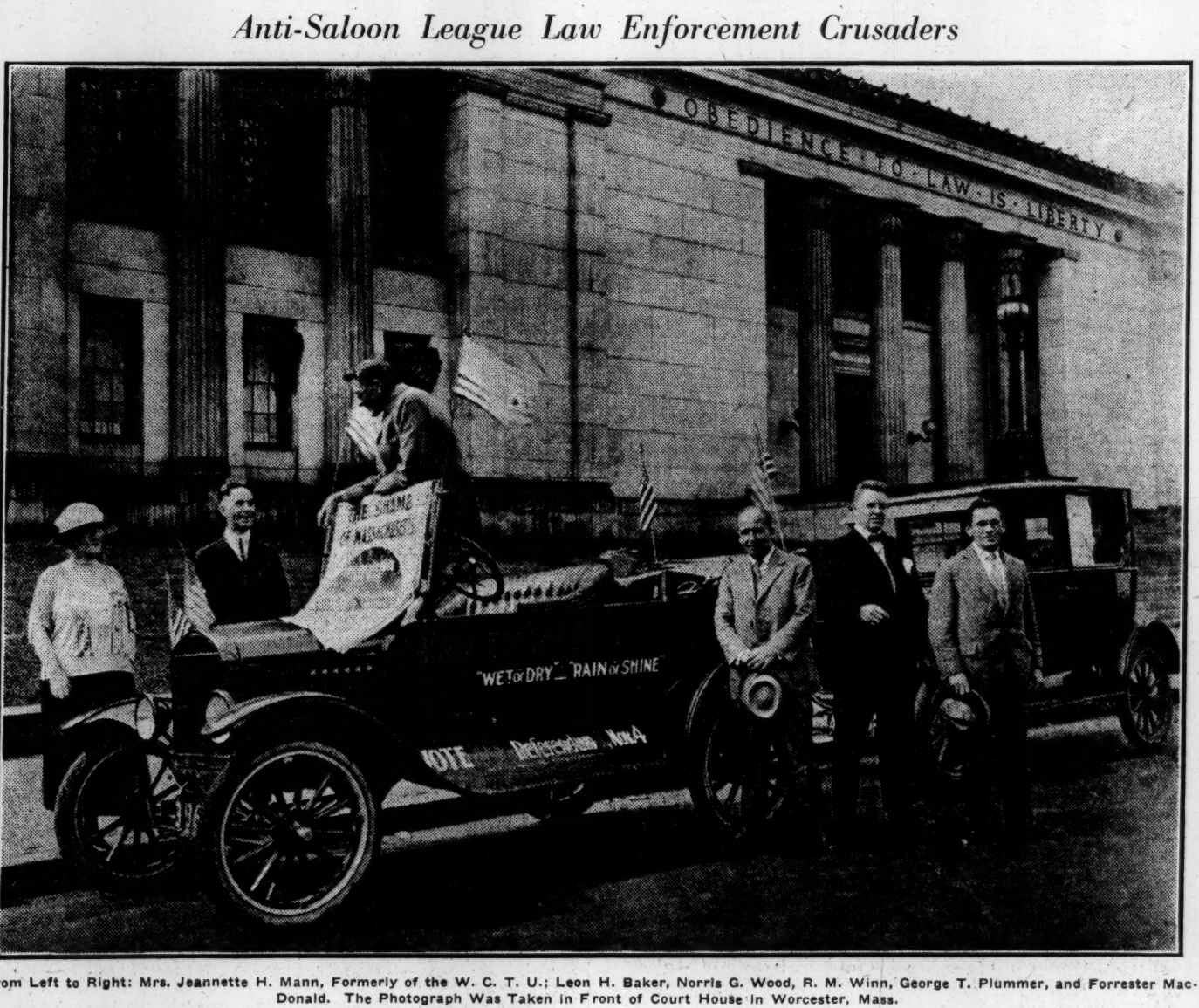
While Germany is outside, the League is merely a group of victorious allies, with certain additions apparently ranged against the opposite camp in Europe. If Germany entered, it would not be long before Russia, in spite of the difficulty of the negotiations would be obliged to participate in the League deliberations. Thus at last Europe would be complete as far as Europe is concerned.

M. Herriot is sincerely desirous of bringing about such a result, and while recognizing that Germany must be given a seat on the Council and treated altogether on an equal footing, he does not raise any objection. France being gradually oriented away from reparations and toward economic accords, any rapprochement which serves to help the rapprochement between France and Germany is regarded as assisting France in its new task. Therefore should Germany decide to apply for admission, the Monitor representative is assured that there is not the smallest risk of a rebuff.

Attacks on Dr. Stresemann
Are Becoming Wearisome

By Special Cable
BERLIN, Sept. 19.—The discussions in the local press regarding the reputed observations of Lord Parmoor and Dr. Gustav Stresemann are becoming wearisome and the incessant attacks of Vorwärts upon the Foreign Minister are resolving the affair into one of party politics. It is expected that Dr. Stresemann on his return to Berlin will make a final statement. The Vossische Zeitung says that the controversy has probably proved to the experts in the Wilhelmstrasse the great danger of using the antiquated method of not seriously-meant denials against leading Democratic politicians of the rank of Lord Parmoor and Prof. Gilbert Murray. Such men cannot be settled by senseless bureaucratic denials, the Vossische says, adding that if the Germans still cherish the hope that the application of Germany to enter the League will be a prospect of success, a personality of the importance of Lord Parmoor in Geneva is absolutely indispensable.

The President returned to Berlin yesterday from Freudenstadt, in the Black Forest and Dr. Wilhelm Marx and Dr. Stresemann are not expected before Sunday.



"SANCTIONS" AGAIN SUBJECT OF COMPROMISE

(Continued from Page 1)

ceived concerning the French troops in the Saar and replying to notes from the German Government. It stated that the local gendarmerie was being increased by 400, this year which would permit of a further reduction of foreign troops. Aristide Briand representing France on the Council said that his Government was prepared to support any measures tending to expedite the Council's wishes. Another complaint from Germany had reference to the control of goods imported into the Saar from Germany. The Saar Commission claimed that it considered it was in the interests of Saar traders and the population generally to restrict goods imported duty free from Germany.

Regarding Iraq, Lord Parmoor said that the whole position in the country had been profoundly modified since the mandate was drawn up. The British Government's obligations were coming to an end and Iraq would be free to join the League as a self-governing state.

Hjalmar Branting asked to have Lord Parmoor's statement circulated before coming to a decision, and that a letter from the French Government claiming the right to participate in the special privileges granted to America, Great Britain and other states previously having capitulatory rights should be considered at the same time. The matter was thereupon adjourned.

J. D. NOLAN ELECTED SHOE WORKERS' HEAD

HAVERHILL, Mass., Sept. 19 (Special).—The general office of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union today conceded the election of John D. Nolan, of Rochester, N. Y., as general president of the union to take effect Jan. 1, 1925. Unofficial returns give Mr. Nolan a plurality of about 100 votes over Austin E. Gill of this city, the present incumbent. William J. Ryan, of Haverhill, is elected general secretary.

Mr. Nolan, who becomes the executive head of the organization containing approximately 25,000 members, is a union executive of long experience. He is at present organizer in the Rochester district where he served in various capacities as representative of the United Shoe Workers of America. He was merged with the Shoe Workers' organization. The St. Louis, locals gave Mr. Nolan 540 votes which insured his election.

DOANE SURRENDERS; HELD IN RUM CASE

After being wanted for several days on the charge of being the guiding hand behind the alleged rum-running tug S. C. Hart, captured off T. Wharf three nights ago with 5000 gallons of alcohol, Nathaniel J. Doane, head of the Trident Towboat Company, of the city, voluntarily surrendered himself to Edwin C. Jenney, United States Commissioner, at the Federal Building this morning and paid the \$5000 bail in which he was held by Grand Jury. He pleaded not guilty to a charge of conspiracy to smuggle liquor into the United States.

CAMBRIDGE DEBATERS ON WAY TO LEWISTON

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 19.—The members of the debating team of

EVENTS TONIGHT

Free public lecture on "Christian Science: The Solution of the World's Problems" by John Randolph Dunn, C. S. D., member of the Board of Lecturers of The Mother Church, in Boston, Mass., in Braintree Town Hall, South Braintree, 8 p. m. (audience of 1000).

Brookline B. Club: Illustrated talk by Prof. Alfred O. Gross of Bowdoin College, Brookline Public Library, 8 p. m.

Boston Club of University of the New Hampshire: Reception and dinner in honor of George W. Leland, United States meteorologist for New England, Old Gray House, 58 Anderson Street, Beacon Hill, 8 p. m.

Boston Chapter, American Institute of Banking, Annual Dinner of 100 members, Kingsley Hall, Ford Building, 8 p. m.

Theaters

Boston Opera House—"The Mikado," 8:15.

Copley—"Sun Up," 8:20.

Hollis—"Hell-Bent for Heaven," 8:20.

Arlington—"Brown Sugar," 8:15.

St. James—"Good Gracious, Annabelle," 8:15.

Keith's-Vaudeville, 2, 8.

Majestic—"Mr. Batling Butler," 8:15.

Tremont—"Lollipop," 8:15.

Photoplays

Penway—"The Alaskan."

Tremont—"The Dramatic Life of Abraham Lincoln," 2:30, 8:20.

TOMORROW'S EVENTS

The Durant, Inc.: Public opening of fall sports program with tennis, hockey, basketball and other games at the Durant grounds on Huntington Avenue, 2:30.

Brookline Bird Club: Afternoon at Devereux Beach.

Boston Myocline Club: Afternoon walk in Arnold Arboretum and vicinity.

Free public lecture on Christian Science by John Randolph Dunn, C. S. D., member of the Board of Lecturers of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass., in the Municipal Building, Everett Square, Hyde Park, 8 p. m. (audience Third Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston).

RADIO PROGRAM FEATURES FOR TOMORROW

WVAC, Shepley Stores, Boston, Mass.

10:40 a. m.—Women's Club Talks.

1 p. m.—Shepley Colonial Orchestra.

8:30 p. m.—WVAC, University of the New Hampshire.

8 p. m.—Dance music. Checker Inn Orchestra.

9 p. m.—Dance music Hotel Westminster orchestra.

10 p. m.—Dance music Copley-Plaza orchestra.

Popular songs Ted and Dick Watson, Don Ramsey company.

Popular songs, Irving Crocker.

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Cambridge University, England, who arrived here yesterday on the liner Zealand, left today for Lewiston, Me., where they will open their American tour next Tuesday in a debate with the Bates College team. Two representatives met the visitors here and accompanied them on their journey. They were George F. Plante and Paul J. Gray.

The Cambridge team is composed of Richard A. Butler, son of Sir Montague Butler, president of the Council of State for India, A. P. Marshall and Gerald Sparrow. The subject of the opening debate will be: "Resolved, That modern democracy is not consistent with personal liberty."

REAL ESTATE STUDY LISTED AT COLUMBIA

Survey of New York City's Development Included

Specials from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—A survey of the development of New York will be included in the first of four real estate courses just announced by Columbia University. The classes, conducted as part of the extension in the evening, will be open to high school graduates. They were arranged by James C. Egbert, director; C. G. Edwards, president of the Real Estate Board of New York, and Harry Hall, vice-president of William A. White & Sons.

Two winter sessions will take up the history of real estate development and a study of real estate law. The first of these will be conducted by Mr. Hall on Monday evenings, Richard R. B. Powell, professor of law at Columbia, will conduct the classes in law on Wednesday evenings.

In the spring instruction in "real estate transactions" and in "real estate management and accounts" will be offered with special lectures from the Real Estate Board of New York and from the Building Managers and Owners Association of New York.

POMONA TO OPPOSE OXFORD IN DEBATE

CLAREMONT, Calif., Sept. 13 (Special Correspondence).—Pomona College has been placed upon the schedule of the debating team of Oxford University. This team consisting of Malcolm J. MacDonald of Queen's College, son of the British Prime Minister; J. D. Woodruff, of New College; and M. C. Hollis, of Balliol College, will be touring Canada and the United States in a series of debates during the next four months.

The British team debates against a number of American schools, reaching this section during the Christmas holidays, which they plan to spend in southern California. They leave southern California, Jan. 14, for New Zealand for a further series of debates.

BOSTON AIRPORT READY TO AID ZR-3

Boston Airport is to make provision for an emergency stop of the giant dirigible ZR-3 which will soon be flown from Friedrichshafen, Germany, to Lakehurst, N. J., according to instructions received today by Capt. Louis R. Knight, air service officer of the First Corps Area. The only preparations required would be the gathering of a large number of men to hold the dirigible's landing lines when it came down. The U. S. S. Patoka, which is equipped with a dirigible mooring mast and is now at the Boston Navy Yard will go to mid-ocean in case it is needed during the trans-oceanic flight.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and vicinity: Fair tonight; Saturday partly cloudy and somewhat warmer, with possible showers; moderate to fresh easterly winds.

Southern New England: Unsettled, probably showers tonight and Saturday; warmer Saturday, with moderate to fresh easterly winds.

Northern New England: Partly cloudy tonight; Saturday showers and warmer, with moderate to fresh easterly winds.

Official Temperatures

(8 a. m. Standard time, 75th meridian)	
Albany	59
Atlantic City	62
Boston	60
Buffalo	55
Calgary	38
Charleston	60
Chicago	60
Cincinnati	60
Des Moines	58
Eastport	54
El Paso	82
Hatteras	72
Helena	48
Idaho Falls	48
Jacksonville	62
Kansas City	62
Washington	48

High Tides at Boston

(Massachusetts Daylight Saving Time)

Today, 4:35 p. m.

Tomorrow, 5:04 a. m. and 5:24 p. m.

Light all vehicles at 7:16 p. m.

Protect each clothes closet with Sealy All-Moth Containers which prevent moth grubs and worms. Buy today. Don't take chances. Price 52 each by mail. SEELEY SALES CO., 44 Broadfield St., Boston.

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OCEAN TARIFFS IN CONTROVERSY

(Continued from Page 1)

northern ports because of the differential, particularly to Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

The petition asks the shipping board "to establish and put in force and apply in future to the export freight traffic from ports in the states of Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina, rates which shall at least not exceed in any amount whatsoever the corresponding ocean freight rates contemporaneously maintained from the northern ports."

But the ocean rates complained of by the southern ports involve much more than mere charges for water transportation. Frank S. Davis of the Maritime Association points out that both land and water rates are involved and that "the south Atlantic ports, together with the ports of Philadelphia and Baltimore, now enjoy export rail rates from points in the northwest which are lower than the corresponding export rates contemporaneously maintained to the New England ports." The latter question is now pending before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

In a long and hard-fought case, wherein New England seeks relief from these rail differentials which militate against the expansion of Boston's commerce. This was called to the attention of the Shipping Board.

Long Contest Likely

Co-ordination of rail and ocean rates is essential, if all ports are to be placed on an equal footing, as regards opportunities for foreign commerce, points out the Maritime Association. At the present time, rail rate adjustments lie with the Interstate Commerce Commission. Ocean rates come under jurisdiction of the Shipping Board. New England shipping interests seek to establish a policy whereby joint action or co-operation between the two governing agencies be brought about with reference to the two pending cases.

Meanwhile, Norfolk took cognizance of the controversy and filed a petition for rates favoring Norfolk, because of distance. Norfolk seeks the abolishment of the parity among ports and asks that rates to gulf ports be 15c a hundred pounds higher than to Norfolk. Then, New England took further action. Similar protests were outlined, as in the case of the original complaints, and also that New England, by its geographical advantage over Norfolk, as regards distance to many European ports, had the same advantage over Norfolk that the latter had over gulf ports. "Therefore, if Norfolk is entitled to ocean differentials under gulf ports, the New England ports are entitled to corresponding differentials in ocean rates under Norfolk," says the latter petition of New England ports.

In many ways, the pending issue is similar to the one which the Interstate Commerce Commission is to rail rates. It is certainly of equal importance, in opinion of New England shipping interests and, inasmuch as the controversy now extends from Maine to Texas, it is not unlikely to be as long drawn out and keenly contested as the rail rates issue which has been before the commission for more than a year without a decision.

GASOLINE INQUIRY MAY BE EXTENDED

Springfield Activities Indicate State-Wide Movement

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 19 (Special).—Lewis Goldberg, Assistant Attorney-General, and Bernard F. Scanlan, secretary of the state Commission on the Necessaries of Life, started yesterday the taking of testimony upon which to base a searching investigation into the whole gasoline situation.

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DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE OCT. 10th, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM OCT. 1st

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS INVITED BANKING BY MAIL

HERBERT K. TWITCHELL, President

WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary RALPH H. STEVER, Cashier

MT. HOLYOKE BEGINS ITS COLLEGIATE YEAR

Freshman Class of 179 Members Enrolled

SOUTH HADLEY, Mass., Sept. 19 (Special).—Mount Holyoke College opened today with an enrollment of 979, and a freshman class of 279. In addition to the freshmen, the college draws 27 new students with advanced standing from 21 other universities and colleges, making the total number of newcomers 306. Massachusetts again supplies a larger number of the student body than any other state. Thirty-six other American commonwealths are represented, as well as China, Japan, France, Canada and the American Indian race.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY HAS ELECTION CASE

Attorney-General to Give Opinion on Winner

As the result of the outcome of the state primaries in the contest for the Republican nomination as commissioner in Barnstable County a state election law problem has arisen which Jay R. Benton, Attorney-General, was asked today to solve by Frederic W. Cook, Secretary of State.

In Barnstable County there were four candidates for the commission nomination—John D. Bodfish and F. G. Thatcher of the town of Barnstable, Benjamin F. Bourne and Arthur Underwood of Falmouth. Messrs. Bodfish and Thatcher led their opponents by about 100 votes. Their names are therefore eligible to go on the November ballot.

The state election law provides that "not more than one of the county commissioners shall be chosen from the same city or town." The question now arises whether the statute should be applied to the primary election. The contention is that the Secretary of State has not the authority to pass upon the eligibility of a nominee; that instead he must be guided by the primary vote.

In the return in Barnstable County Mr. Thatcher led with 187 votes, Mr. Bodfish received 187 and Mr. Bourne 1769. Whatever decision is made will be vital to the interests of Mr. Bodfish who received the lower of the two leading totals. Should the Attorney-General rule that only one nominee from the same community could be placed on the ballot, Mr. Bourne would become the second of official Republican nominees.

MILLS REOPENING ON FULL-TIME SCHEDULE

FITCHBURG, Mass., Sept. 19.—Resumption of a full time schedule in the Star Woolen Company mills here was announced today. For the last ten months, the mills have been operated only part time. About 350 employees are benefited. C. B. Smith, president and treasurer of the corporation, said today that orders are gradually increasing and that the tone of the market is improved.

ASHBURNHAM LINE TO BE DISCONTINUED

ASHBURNHAM, Mass., Sept. 19.—The Boston & Maine will discontinue passenger service on the Ashburnham branch on Sept. 28, according to an announcement made here yesterday. The recent experiment with a gasoline car, while reducing expenses, did not earn the cost of maintenance, it is said. The gasoline car will be sent to Manchester, N. H., for use there. This railroad branch was opened 50 years ago. Town officials are studying the problem of keeping the roads open this winter in order that regular bus lines may be established.

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The first local club to be formed was organized last night by the Worcester delegates. Every studio in Worcester was represented. The more than 500 delegates enjoyed a banquet at the New Ocean House last night with speeches being made by prominent photographers throughout the east.

RUMRUNNER SOLD BY U. S. RECAPTURED

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 19.—Sold by the United States Government at public auction at New London on Sept. 2, the rumrunning motor boat formerly identified in Connecticut waters as the Anna S. and also as the J-1151, was captured shortly after midnight last night by the customs-service new chaser, the H. V. M., off Conanicut Island, Rhode Island.

The craft, documented here on Sept. 10 by James J. Connell, Newport, now bears the identification of 215-G and contained more than 200 cases of liquor when captured. Michael Morrille, 134 Broadway; George Allen, 18 Spring Street, and Tony Russo, 40 Church Street, all of Newport, were arrested and brought here for arraignment. The 215-G makes the fifth rumrunner the H. V. M. has captured in Rhode Island waters since it came here from New York 10 days ago to wage battle against rum row. Off Block Island.

PHOTOGRAPHERS CLOSE CONVENTION

Delegates Start on Forming Local Organizations

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30,000 GIRLS NOW ENROLLED IN ORDER OF THE RAINBOW

Judge Eagleton of Oklahoma Tells New England Audiences of Organization's Aims

William L. Eagleton, Past Grand Patron, and Mrs. Eagleton, Past Grand Matron, Order of the Eastern Star of Oklahoma, and members of the Supreme Assembly of the Order of the Rainbow for Girls, have been in Boston for several days working in the interest of the latter organization for girls of Masonic and Eastern Star affiliations. Mr. Eagleton addressed several of these bodies in Boston and surrounding towns on the aims and activities of the Order of the Rainbow for Girls, in the organization of which, two years ago, he was one of the most active. Although the order is just getting underway in New England, from the interest shown in the movement, Mr. Eagleton expressed his opinion that it was one of the most active. The order in Massachusetts, that a grand chapter of the order would be organized in the State within the year.

Movement Stirs Interest

Mr. Eagleton, who is a judge of the Supreme Court of Oklahoma and a 33d degree Mason, came to Boston to attend the one hundred and twelfth annual convention of the Supreme Council of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, thirty-third degree, for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States held here this week. He came from Portland, Me., where he was a representative to the thirty-ninth triennial convention of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and attended the fifteenth triennial assembly of the Royal Grand Council of Royal and Select Masters of the United States.

In both cities he was frequently called upon to speak on the work and progress of the Rainbow girls and aroused enthusiasm wherever he spoke. He was introduced at Salem, Mass., by the Grand Chapter of the White Shrine of Jerusalem, Boston, by Guy A. Ham, Supreme Worthy Watchman of the Shepherd, where he explained the objects of the new order and stated that while it is but two years old it has been endorsed and approved by grand lodges and Eastern Star chapters in 25 states and has a membership of 30,000 girls.

Mr. Eagleton took an important part in the Order of De Molay for boys, a similar organization and assisted in getting up its statutes and by-laws. He therefore wrote the statutes and by-laws for the Rainbow Girls and the Rev. W. Mark Saxon of Maclester, Okla., wrote the ritualistic work.

Masonic and "Star" Affiliations

The object of the Order of the Rainbow for Girls, is to group together girls between the ages of 13 and 18 years of Masonic and Eastern Star affiliations into social activities, study periods and fraternal relationships, to instruct them along lines similar to those of Masonry and the Order of the Eastern Star as constructive forces in making and shaping American ideals. "Service" is its watchword.

Lectures are grouped about color stations representing the rays of the rainbow. The object of the initiation is to discover the "pot of gold at the end of the rainbow" with certain lessons and conclusions teaching the girls patriotism, love of home, defense of public schools, the relationship of Masonry to the independence of the United States and to lay a foundation for future building.

Greetings from Mr. Eagleton were extended to Boston Assembly No. 1, Order of the Rainbow for Girls, at its first rehearsal held yesterday afternoon at the Square and Compass Club on Beacon Street. In this, the first and only assembly of the order in New England, organized last spring, the girls are being prepared to exemplify the work before Master Masons and Eastern Star Chapters throughout Massachusetts, and possibly New England.

Inquiries regarding the work have been received from each of the New England states. Associate membership cards are to be issued to Masons and members of the Eastern Star. A choir is being organized and also a drill corps, with Major Charles Harding of the United States Army in charge.

Save Half Your

G. O. P. RECORD IS TARGET OF LA FOLLETTE

Excoriates Both Parties in
New York Speech—Takes
Fling at Coolidge

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Senator Robert M. La Follette, in Madison Square Garden last night, told the first audience he has addressed since announcing his candidacy for President that he did not intend "to be diverted from the discussion of the vital economic issues of the campaign by the foolish and preposterous assertions of our opponents that in some way we as Progressives desire to weaken or impair the provisions of the Constitution of the United States relating to the federal courts."

He made his declaration after assailing the policies and the candidates of the Republican and Democratic parties, which, he asserted, are as alike as "two peas in a pod."

Senator La Follette discussed the record of the Harding-Coolidge administration, the acts of which, he contended, must be judged as a whole, and declared that President Coolidge "knew every act and policy of the last administration because he was a participant in their formulation."

He referred to John W. Davis as a "certain distinguished lawyer now running for President and trying to get the people to forget his former clients," who "blocked" efforts of the public to bring about a reduction in telephone rates in New York.

He Compares Policies

Senator La Follette declared it had taken "years of betrayal and long line of shameful abuses on the part of the Democratic and Republican parties to convince the people that they must organize for political action outside both old parties in order to find relief from intolerable political and economic conditions."

"The differences between ourselves and our opponents," he continued, "are fundamental and irreconcilable. On the political side the primary difference is this:

"We stand for the maximum control of government by the entire electorate in the interest of all the people and with special privileges to none."

"Our opponents stand for the maximum control of government by the few in the interest of favored classes to which special privileges are extended."

"The Progressives believe that the machinery of government should be so completely in the hands of the electorate that the deliberate popular will may be reflected alike in the making of the laws and in their administration and execution."

"Our opponents, hostile to self-government, declare that this doctrine is dangerous and revolutionary, and that the machinery of government must be of such character or so far removed from the people as to yield, if at all, to the popular will, very slowly and after long delay. This difference in principle forms the basis of the issues of this campaign."

About the Judicial Veto

With reference to the proposed constitutional amendment which would empower Congress to make a measure effective over a judicial veto by re-enacting it, Senator La Follette declared:

"The federal courts, particularly the Supreme Court, have declared unconstitutional or otherwise nullified the most important legislation enacted by Congress within the last few years (cases were cited)."

"The judicial veto in practically all these cases has been leveled at Progressive measures which enunciated a rule contrary to the economic or political beliefs of a majority of the men who happen to make up the Supreme Court. It is not merely the number of cases which the courts have nullified the acts of Congress that is important. It is the fact that each one of these decisions has closed the door to the progressive legislation in the future."

"Always these decisions of the court are on the side of the wealthy and powerful and against the poor and the weak when it is the policy of the law-making branch of the Government to assist by enlightened and humanitarian legislation."

Ontario Government Selects Liquor Plebiscite Questions

Continuance of Temperance Act and Government Control Are the Two Issues

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 15 (Special Correspondence)—The Provincial Premier, G. H. Ferguson, announced recently that two questions only will be on the ballots used by voters on Oct. 23 in deciding the fate of the Ontario Temperance Act. After a session of the Cabinet lasting four hours, the following questions were decided on: "Are you in favor of the continuance of the Ontario Temperance Act?" and "Are you in favor of the sale as a beverage of liquor in sealed packages under Government control?"

The official Ontario Government announcement is as follows:

The first consideration of a government in its legislation and the administration thereof must always be the moral and material progress and welfare of the people it serves. The greatest force in the securing of law observance and the suppression of crime and the elimination of distress is public opinion. The purpose of the plebiscite is to secure from the people such an expression of opinion as will enable the Government to adopt such measures as will have behind them the fullest possible public approval and support.

The Ontario Temperance Act as amended and strengthened from time to time during the past eight years is now the governing principle in the handling of our liquor problem. It is obvious, therefore, that the first inquiry must be directed to ascertaining if the people desire to continue the principle of this law. One of the questions will therefore be, "Are you in favor of the continuance of the Ontario Temperance Act?" If the majority answer in the affirmative there can be no

Wilbur Speech Stirs Japan; America Receives Protests

Peace Day Demonstrators in Tokyo Ask That
Washington Be Notified

By FREDERIC WILLIAM WILE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—When Curtis D. Wilbur, Secretary of the Navy, reaches this city from the Pacific Coast, he will learn that one protest against his activities there has reached America from Japan and that another is believed to be on the way, directed to the State Department.

The second-mentioned protest may be described as "demi-semiofficial" in character. It was lodged with the American Embassy in Tokyo on Sept. 12, when the Japanese held a "peace day" as a rejoinder to our "defense day." "Peace day" demonstrators sent a delegation to the United States Chargé d'Affaires in Tokyo, Jefferson Caffery, to protest both against America's "mobilization day" and against the "unwarrantedness" of Mr. Wilbur's recent Pacific coast speeches. Mr. Caffery was requested to transmit the "protest" to the State Department at Washington, but it has not been received there at this writing.

Takarabe Answers

On the same day another Japanese "protest" of a somewhat more semiofficial nature was made by Admiral Takarabe, the Japanese Naval Minister. The admiral chose the medium of an interview with The Christian Science Monitor correspondent at Tokyo to express Japan's regret at the tone of some of Mr. Wilbur's utterances. The particular one at which Admiral Takarabe took umbrage was Mr. Wilbur's assertion that two "antagonistic racial civilizations" faced each other across the Pacific and a correlated observation that the "next war" would be fought in the Pacific.

Declaring that there is "one" civilization in the Pacific, i. e., that of common humanity and that America and Japan share it as a common heritage, Admiral Takarabe said:

"In the present stage of human society, we cannot altogether dispense with armaments, but they should not be greater than is justified by the necessity of guarding world civilization. Armaments are the means for the defense and protection of civilization, for the maintenance of order, and the security of humanity."

Whether by accident or design, the Japanese Navy announced, a few weeks after the passage of the new American immigration laws, the first extensive maneuvers it has undertaken since the Washington Conference. They will begin on Oct. 2, and last more than three weeks. A special appropriation of \$2,500,000 has been required for them. The Prince Regent, acting in behalf of the Emperor of Japan, will be in direct charge of the maneuvers, lending them an unprecedented distinction.

The avowed purpose of the maneuvers is to bring home to the Japanese people the fighting strength of their fleet, as it was left after restriction by the 5-5-3 naval treaty. The operations will extend along the whole Pacific coast of Japan and will be the first "battle practice" of the Mikado's navy since 1918.

Five years ago only 134 warships participated in the Imperial maneuvers. Next month there will be 188, an increase of 54 units. The naval treaty, down Japan's battleship strength from 12 to six; battle cruisers from seven to four, and the cruisers from 20 to 16. But the number of destroyers has been increased from 57 to 105, and submarines, from 10 to 26. The Japanese fleet for the first time, also, will use aviation maneuvers. To no other arm of the naval service is Japan at present giving greater attention. Among the battleships which will take part in the maneuvers will be the 33,500-ton Mutsu and Nagato, which are slightly larger than America's most powerful battleships, the West Virginia, Colorado and Maryland.

Mr. Wilbur Quoted

California newspapers have just reached Washington with the first exhaustive accounts of some of Mr. Wilbur's now famous speeches. Addressing his home community in Los

angeles on Defense Day, Mr. Wilbur said:

There has been much opposition by the pacifists to Defense Day. I am not here to denounce by word or act any pacifist. But I want preparedness to give these pacifists an opportunity to live their lives out. I say this in all seriousness. We want peace and will pray for it, but while we are praying for peace, let us be ready for war. . . . I believe that this nation was chosen of God for a mighty purpose. I believe that other nations in the past have been chosen for the same purposes. Some have succeeded; others have failed. I believe it is for this nation to write the glorious page in the world's history.

The menace of war is minimized only by the advance of spiritual and moral quality in the world, and by adequate preparation to resist unjust demands and unprovoked assault. The obvious lesson is preparedness. We have only to realize that the infinitesimal space of six years separates us from the most bloody catastrophe that has ever befallen the earth. . . . After all, right thinking and right doing are the best preparation for war against war, if they are supplemented by sufficient armament to withstand the first unholy and unprovoked attack.

On the subject of the prohibition questions, which are to be put to the people of Ontario, the Rev. Dr. Moore, head of the dry forces, said recently:

The questions announced by the Government give the electors the definite opportunity to express their preference as between the principle of prohibition on the one hand and the principle of government control of the sale of liquor for beverage purposes on the other. The statement issued by the Prime Minister when the questions were announced has caused agitation among some of our friends. It is very clear that the Quebec and British Columbia sales laws, and promises something better than either for Ontario should the majority vote for government control. We accept the challenge of these questions, and now proceed in the campaign with the purpose of winning a great victory for prohibition.

Angelo on Defense Day, Mr. Wilbur said:

There has been much opposition by the pacifists to Defense Day. I am not here to denounce by word or act any pacifist. But I want preparedness to give these pacifists an opportunity to live their lives out. I say this in all seriousness. We want peace and will pray for it, but while we are praying for peace, let us be ready for war. . . . I believe that this nation was chosen of God for a mighty purpose. I believe that other nations in the past have been chosen for the same purposes. Some have succeeded; others have failed. I believe it is for this nation to write the glorious page in the world's history.

The menace of war is minimized only by the advance of spiritual and moral quality in the world, and by adequate preparation to resist unjust demands and unprovoked assault. The obvious lesson is preparedness. We have only to realize that the infinitesimal space of six years separates us from the most bloody catastrophe that has ever befallen the earth. . . . After all, right thinking and right doing are the best preparation for war against war, if they are supplemented by sufficient armament to withstand the first unholy and unprovoked attack.

DAVIS CHEERED AS HE PREDICTS PARTY VICTORY

Chicago Hears 'This Is a
Democratic Year'—Talks
Oil and Forbes

CHICAGO, Sept. 19 (P)—John W. Davis, the Democratic presidential candidate, opened his campaign in the middle west last night with an address in the stockyards district. He laid particular emphasis on labor problems, honesty in government and Americanism.

Mr. Davis went into the Republican record with terse phrases. When he mentioned Teapot Dome the crowd roared. Then Mr. Davis referred to the man who "rode at the head of the buccaners," a man who, he said, "was no less a figure than the Secretary of the Interior himself."

Mr. Davis then referred to "Doherty and his little black satchel," to the "little green house on K Street," to "Jess Smith's desk beside the desk of the Attorney-General."

Forbes and the Veterans' Bureau scandal came in for attack.

Party Held Responsible

Reiterating that he had not and would not say anything in disparagement of "the present occupant of the White House," Mr. Davis again insisted that a political party must be held responsible for the acts of those it places in power. But, he said, "the Republican Party sought to escape from its responsibility because a new helmsman had come to the wheel of state."

When Mr. Davis came to review the record of the Republican Party on legislative matters, including the veto by President Coolidge on the bonus bill, the postal employees' bill, and his insistence on the Mellon tax reduction plan, he was admonished by some of his auditors to "hit 'em hard."

Reviewing the achievements of the Wilson Administration, Mr. Davis said:

"Nothing more is needed than to take two great canvases and paint upon them a picture, first, of eight years under the Democratic administration, and then of three and one-half years under the rule of the Republican Party, and say to the American people, 'Look upon this picture and then choose for the four years that are to come.'"

Mr. Davis stirred his audience when he declared that the Democratic Party would give the country "a government, not honest in part, not honest in fractions, but honest from top to bottom."

Coming then to determination of Americanism, Mr. Davis said he would determine a man's Americanism, "not by his color, nor by his race, not by the length of his sojourn on American soil," that he would ask those who call themselves Americans to subscribe to the three great ideas embodied in the preamble of the Declaration of Independence: human equality, personal liberty, and popular sovereignty. At the mention of "personal liberty," there was a demonstration, and when Mr. Davis defined that as "freedom of religious worship," and "freedom from unlawful search and seizure," the crowd arose and cheered until the candidate asked that it at least "divide time with me."

100 Per Cent American

"I believe the Democratic Party is truly 100 per cent American," Mr. Davis said, after explaining that he was a Democrat because he believed his party stood for the three great fundamentals he had outlined more closely than any other party that ever had been organized.

"I come to you tonight, not only with hope, but with confidence and perfectly certain that this is a Democratic year," said the nominee. "And I so predict, not only from the numbers that attend Democratic meetings, and not only from the interest exhibited in Democratic doctrines, but from the universal testimony of men and women of every rank, condition and opinion, and so surely as you and I stand here tonight, the American people are resolved to accept the services of the Democratic Party, as it has not yet failed them in time of grief."

"I bring you tonight a message of Democratic confidence. Democratic enthusiasm and Democratic unity from one end of this broad land to the other."

WOMEN ASSURE STRONG FINISH FOR VOTEDRIVE

Larger Poll in Primaries
Evidences Effectiveness
of Campaign

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Plans for a whirlwind finish to the "get-out-the-vote" campaign of the National League of Women Voters were laid at a meeting of the executive board, Mrs. Minnie F. Cunningham of Texas, second vice-president, who is directing the campaign from Washington headquarters, reported enthusiastic response from practically every section of the United States.

It is too early, said Mrs. Cunningham, to predict that the percentage of increase, as compared with the 1920 vote, will be far beyond the 25 per cent which has been the aim of the drive.

The results of the state primaries have greatly encouraged officers of the league. In Ohio, the primaries showed an increase in the number of qualified voters casting ballots of 66 per cent, as compared with the 1920 figures. The increase in Maine was about 70 per cent, and in Texas about 80 per cent.

There is a steady stream of requests for campaign literature from states where the league is most active, and thousands of pamphlets have been sent out from headquarters, according to reports made at the meeting of the executive committee.

An especially popular pamphlet has been the one outlining the platforms of the Republican, Democratic, Prohibition and Progressive parties, as compared with the planks advocated by the National League of Women Voters, emphasizing the planks in which the league is interested. The nonpartisan nature of the "get-out-the-vote" drive is stressed—"Vote as you please—but vote"—is the word sent throughout the country by poster, pamphlet and radio.

Stressing local issues, such as constitutional amendments or bond issues, has been one method used to overcome the apathy of voters who, having settled the question of candidates at the primaries, see no use in "routine voting" on election day.

An indication of the attitude of candidates toward the woman voter is seen by officers of the league in the willingness to answer questionnaires prepared for distribution to inform the voters on candidates' records and platforms. A report received recently from Essex County, New Jersey, is typical: 45 out of 53 questionnaires were filled out and returned promptly.

In most states booklets giving complete information on the candidates for President and Vice-President, senators and representatives, and candidates for state and county offices are being distributed by the thousands.

Philadelphians in Drive for "Uncontrolled Vote"

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 17 (Special Correspondence)—Women voters in the Philadelphia district have started a "Get-Out-The-Vote" campaign. It is a move to bring out the independent voters and the ones who seldom go to the polls and are not known to have established party affiliations. At a meeting of the state committee of the Pennsylvania League of Women Voters, Mrs. John O. Miller, president of the organization, said action on the part of the women is necessary to accomplish what the two major political parties are not trying to do.

The two parties, she said, will do nothing to get out voters except those they control. The minor parties, she added, are too badly organized to attempt any such move and it is now left to the women to jump into the breach. The movement is to be state-wide, she said, one of the means being the caravan.

The details of the work are in the hands of seven committees, which include advertising, radio-casting, schools, caravan, church, moving picture, cards and displays. Mrs. Francis R. Strawbridge is chairman of the Philadelphia unit, which comprises these seven committees. Mrs. Miller expressed the opinion that "the fewer the independent voters who get into the campaign the better satisfied will the big parties will be. If the registration is to be spread among the free-lance voters it will have to be got out by someone else," she added.

Mrs. Miller also brought out the difficulties married women have in obtaining the poll tax of 50 cents. Only a small percentage of the women are financially independent, and in some counties, such as Montgomery, where various taxes are grouped together, a person must pay as high as \$5.50 to vote.

D. A. R. BOOKLET AIDS IMMIGRANT

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Commenting on the "Manual of the United States," issued for the guidance of persons intending to immigrate to America, the Cunard Steamship Company points out that the booklet was prepared and published by the Daughters of the American Revolution instead of by the Cunard Line as previously reported.

The steamship line has aided greatly in the effectiveness of the "Manual" by distributing copies to passengers and so its various agents who come in contact with the alien population in the United States. The booklet is printed in English, Italian, German, Hungarian, Russian, Yiddish and Polish.

SECRECY ADOPTED IN NAVY SHIPYARDS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (P)—The United States Navy has at last come around to police its generally observed by European nations of strict secrecy concerning implements of national defense. The custom of 100 years is being set aside and the new mine-laying submarine for which \$6,150,000 has been appropriated.

Beyond the fact that her plans call for width of beam, speed and cruising radius beyond anything known in that type, details of the new submarine are jealously guarded.



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HONOR DEGREES GIVEN SAVANTS AS PARLEY ENDS

Three-Day Session Celebrating
Franklin Institute
Centennial Closes

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 19 (Special)—Several interesting events marked the last of the three-day sessions which have been held here in honor of the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of Franklin Institute. This morning a tablet was unveiled at the Bartol Research Foundation, 127 North Nineteenth Street, commemorating the beginning of the research work that has been made possible under the will of Henry E. Bartol. The bequest amounted to about \$1,200,000.

Two Americans in List
Of the six receiving them two are Americans and the others represent England, France, and Holland. They are:

Sir William Henry Bragg, Quaker professor of physics, University of London; co-reipient of Nobel Prize, 1915; author of articles and papers, chiefly on radio activity.

William Charles Lawson Elgin, electrical engineer; second vice-president and chief engineer, Philadelphia Electric Company.

Charles Fabry, professor at University of Aix-Marseille, France, physicist; director of the laboratory of physics at University of Amsterdam, Holland.

Edwin Wilbur Rice Jr., president General Electric Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Sir Charles Algon Parsons, chairman; the Parsons' Marine Steam Turbine Company, Ltd., and other important industrial concerns in England.

This evening the sessions will be concluded with a banquet in the Bellevue-Stratford. The morning sessions proved interesting, one of the papers read being that of Prof. A. A. Michelson of the University of Chicago, who was a co-worker with Einstein in his development of the Einstein theory.

"Velocity of Light"
Mr. Michelson has continued his researches and the results were given in a paper, "Results of the Preliminary Determination of the Velocity of Light." Another interesting paper read by Ralph Modjeska, consulting engineer, dealt with the difficulties in building the Delaware bridge from this city to Camden.

Dr. Rice opined that facilities for research are now better in the laboratories of industrial concerns than in colleges and universities. He humorously deprecated the "popularization" of modern natural science and invention, and then seriously remarked:

"Constant recurrence of scientific phenomena is making the people callous. They forget that these phenomena have any significance. No one nowadays considers the telephone or even the radio as an exceptional."

Dr. Charles Fabry of the University of Paris, Sorbonne, spoke on "Spectroscopy in the Past and Present," as related to the atom.

Prof. Dayton C. Miller, Case School of Applied Science, Prof. Charles E. Mendenhall, University of Wisconsin, and Sir William Henry Bragg of the Royal Institution, London, also spoke. The latter said that "in the recent investigation of the atom, modern science has been revolutionized."

MISSIONARIES TO TELL
OF SERVICE IN ALASKA
Special from Monitor Bureau
NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Dr. and Mrs. Frank H. Spence, for five years Presbyterian missionaries at Point Barrow, Alaska, are on their way here preparatory to making a speaking tour of the east.

They are expected to narrate many interesting incidents of their experiences in the northern wilderness, and to report on the progress of the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions. In two churches, 12 miles apart, they maintained services every Sunday of the year and prayer meetings every Wednesday. For a time, there was only one Christian refuge within a radius of 500 miles.

AMERICAN ENGINEER
GETS PERU CONTRACT
Special from Monitor Bureau
WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—An American engineer has been awarded the contract to build an aerial tramway in Peru, to be the longest aerial line in the world, the Department of Commerce has been advised.

The contract for the construction of the tramway, connecting at Millahuasi, with the present 6½-mile line from the northern town of Minaj, and Smelting Company's mill at Samme, will be 18½ miles long and connect with the company's new smelter site near Quiruvilla. Thus the entire length of the aerial transportation line will be 25 miles.

DAVES PLAN SUCCESS
SEEN BY MR. WARBURG
Special from Monitor Bureau
NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Paul M. Warburg, international banker and Chairman of the Board of the International Acceptance Bank, Inc., returning after a two months' trip to Europe, declared that the last obstacle to the successful operation of the Daves Plan, the campaign of opposition to subscribing to the German international loan waged in England, was now practically removed.

and the British investing public was ready to support the loan. "I saw most of the leading bankers in London," said Mr. Warburg, "and thought they admitted that the temporary effect of German recovery might be to make it difficult for certain British industries, they were firmly convinced that the resuscitation of Europe as a whole, which they believed bound to follow Germany's improved stability, far outweighed any possible losses in England for the time being, and was likely in the long run to stimulate an immense growth of European purchases from Great Britain."

Mr. Warburg, who spent several weeks in Germany, said that the \$20,000,000 which he estimated would be required annually from Germany for the amortization and interest of the loan will be met readily without straining the recovery of Germany's resources.

CAMDEN COUNTY, PA.
OWNERS OF HOMES
FACE TAX INCREASE
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17 (Special)—Home owners of Camden County, who are burdened already with high taxes now face an increased through additional assessed valuations. The county, besides the city of Camden itself, embraces many little suburbs made up of families that have moved into the county and have purchased homes, many of them with small deposits which they are carrying along on monthly payments which absorb pretty much of their fixed incomes.

In some of these districts the present assessment amounts anywhere from 65 to 75 per cent of market value. Notwithstanding this fact the county board of taxation has announced that an increase in assessment is expected from each district, and has set an amount it expects from each one. The district assessors are expected to make these revaluations and if they fail to do so the county board will step in and make them itself. The increase is expected to be about 25 per cent.

The district assessors, who are familiar with local conditions object to the procedure, and the claim is made that the primary object of the move is to reduce the taxes to the railroad and trolley company and originate with the city commission of Camden. In no other county in the state are the assessments generally so high as they are now, and property owners who will be discriminated against in this new move.

PORTABLE SCHOOLS PROPOSED
HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 19 (Special)—Congestion in the high school and junior high school, where double sessions are necessary, has caused the directors of the Hazleton school district to consider the erection of portable buildings. Voters last year authorized a bond issue of \$600,000 for the erection of a new high school but inability to agree on a site and differences with the architects over the terms of their contract delayed definite action.

Mexican Sportsmen's Plea
Against "Armadas" Ignored
Shotgun Batteries Ruled Legal Despite Threatened
Destruction of Migrating Birds—Appeal to
American Hunters Planned
MEXICO CITY, Sept. 19 (Special)—Mexican sportsmen, in their fight to preserve the country's diminishing flocks of ducks from pothunters, who slaughter at times yearly slaughter as high as 2000 birds at a single discharge of their "armadas," again have lost.

Publication of the 1924 hunting regulations by the Fish and Game Bureau of the Department of Agriculture shows that the hunting of wild duck by means of "armadas," or great batteries of shotguns, will be permitted from Nov. 1 to Feb. 28. While only two shots a week from each "armada" are permitted, this is considered a minimum restriction as the fowl will not return to the same lake in sufficient numbers to make the firing of more than two armadas a week profitable.

Throughout the valley of Mexico are scores of shallow lakes where every variety of duck that summers in the United States and Canada can be found during the winter.

Indian Villagers Profit
Dotted the shores of these lakes are Indian villages whose inhabitants eke out a precarious existence during the summer by cultivating their patches of corn and beans, but who live easy during the winter by means of giving.

By giving from one-third to one-half of their spoils to the owners of the lands in which the lakes are situated they are able to secure permission to make enormous bags. Some of the landowners, it is estimated, receive as much as 30,000 pesos a year as their share.

Sportsmen who have shot over the greater part of the valley declare that not less than 50 of these "armadas," each with an average of 150 barrels, are shot at least twice a week for four months each year and with hundreds of ducks to an average bag, the total number each winter reaches a staggering figure.

Plan Appeal to Americans
Despairing, after repeated attempts, of limiting pothunting through local regulations, Mexican sportsmen are planning to address an appeal to game commissions and gun clubs in the United States and Canada in the hope that, by combined action, it may be possible to halt the annual massacre.

They declare that the funds and efforts being expended by Mexico's northern neighbors to protect migratory game in those countries are wasted if, when the birds reach Mexico in the winter, they are bagged almost without restriction.

The practice, they declare, is as unimportant as the trapping of quail, shipments of which totaling as high as 18,000 are not uncommon in northern Mexico, and will send the ducks after the vanished wild game unless regulated.

Pin tail make up most of the bags, but canvas backs, mallard, widgeon, blue bills, redheads and teal of all kinds are also shot down by hundreds of thousands.

TEXTILE WAGE INCREASE CITED

Average Hourly Wage 201
Per Cent Higher Than in
1913, Federal Survey Shows

Special from Monitor Bureau
WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Average hourly wages in the textile industry this year are 201 per cent higher than for the pre-war year of 1913, according to a report issued by the Department of Labor today, while the average full time weekly earnings over the pre-war year show an increase of 161 per cent. The report covers labor conditions in the woolen, worsted goods, hosiery and underwear industry, and includes 72 representative establishments in nine states.

The situation in the industry is given concisely as follows: "A survey of hours and earnings in the woolen and worsted goods industry in the United States has been completed. The department's study covered 72 representative establishments located in nine different states and employing 41,622 workers. A comparison of hours and earnings in 1924 with the average for 1913 for all occupations shows a reduction of 12 per cent in 1924 in the average full time hours per week, an increase of 201 per cent in the average hourly earnings, and of 161 per cent in the average full time weekly earnings over the pre-war year."

"A similar study of wages and hours of labor in hosiery and underwear mills gives comparative figures for 1913 and 1924. The data was secured from 143 representative factories and include 35,549 employees. In 1924 the average earnings per week of males in all occupations were \$28.73 and of females, 17.94, while the average full time hours per week were 51.6 and 50.4, respectively."

The Department of Labor has not yet been made cognizant officially of the controversy now being waged between employers and employees in the textile industry and therefore the matter is not before the department for adjustment, but Charles D. Wood, textile expert, has been detailed to observe the situation carefully. It is stated by departmental officials. He has not yet made a report on his investigations.

LABOR INSPECTION
COURSE IS OFFERED
Special from Monitor Bureau
NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Training for labor inspectors on a practical basis will be offered this year at Columbia, through university extension, which will include the teaching of various phases of industrial improvement and will be conducted by

Miss Lydia E. Sayer of the Consumers' League of New York.

"This course," stated James C. Egbert, director, in the announcement just received, "is designed primarily to offer practical training to those who are planning to become labor inspectors either in New York State or elsewhere. It will also be valuable to industrial secretaries of various organizations and to special workers who wish to become more conversant with problems of industry."

GEORGIAN REBELS
CONDUCT GUERRILLA
WAR IN MOUNTAINS
By Cable from Monitor Bureau
LONDON, Sept. 19.—There seems little doubt that the arrival of Bolshevik re-enforcements has already broken the back of the Georgian revolution, and the insurgent resistance is now reduced to guerrilla warfare in the mountains. This Moscow will find exceedingly difficult to suppress, but from the viewpoint of Georgian independence it is unlikely that it will achieve any definite purpose.

It is now clear, as has been assumed from the outset, that the outbreak was foredoomed to failure, and the only immediate result will be intensification of the cruel, atrocious measures of repression, which, in a greater or less degree, have been associated with Bolshevik domination of the Georgian population.

Quite naturally, Great Britain's Labor Government is being taunted on account of its indisposition to condemn Russian tactics. Ramsey MacDonald visited Georgia in 1921, and after his return described the Bolshevik rule there as a reign of tyranny "to the Socialist, a crime, a wanton piece of military aggression, and something he must do everything to undo." But Mr. MacDonald in office is silent. Georgia has probably increased the difficulties confronting the Anglo-Russian Treaty.

COLUMBUS VACCINE
ORDER PROTESTED
COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 19 (Special)—Petitions will be presented to the Board of Education Monday by the Anti-Compulsory Vaccination League of Franklin County requesting immediate revocation of the order excluding children from city schools who have not been vaccinated successfully. This decision was made at a public meeting last night. The league went on record favoring court proceedings if the board acts adversely.

AMERICAN HISTORY
SEEN IN OLD STONE
EPHRAIM, Wis., Sept. 19 (Special)—Kensington Rune Stone, one of the oldest documents of American history, over which natural scientists of two continents debated as to its genuineness more than 20 years ago, now has a permanent home on the farm of H. R. Holand, author, near here.

Several societies and eminent authorities have classed the stone as authentic as to discovery and context, and say in proof of this that there were white people exploring the interior of America as early as 1362.

BIG GLASS FACTORY PLANNED
KANE, Pa., Sept. 19 (Special)—The recently organized Pennsylvania Plate Glass Corporation is clearing a site for the erection of a large plate glass factory in the neighborhood of the corporation's plant at Durant City, three miles from Kane. The new plant will produce 5,000,000 feet of plate glass annually, and will employ between 500 and 600 workmen. Dwellings will be erected near-by for the workmen, and actual construction work is expected to be under way this fall.

COURSE IN GERMAN RESTORED
WOOSTER, O., Sept. 19.—The teaching of German, suspended at Wooster College as a war measure, has been restored to the list of modern languages and will be taught again this year.

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May we serve you today?

James A. Drain
ELECTED HEAD
OF THE LEGION
Comes From Washington,
D. C.—Child Welfare Support Assured by Chaplains

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 19 (Special)—James A. Drain of Washington, D. C., was elected national commander of the American Legion at the closing session of its sixth annual convention here today.

Mr. Drain's election came on the first ballot, and he had a majority of all accredited voters before the roll-call was two-thirds completed. As the poll ended, his total had been swelled considerably.

Only two other names were presented, those of John R. McQuigg, of Cleveland, and E. E. Spafford of New York.

"Full support of the Legion's program of national defense and child welfare was promised in the report of the National Chaplains' Association."

E. H. Conner of Paris, commander of the department of France, extended to the Legion the invitation of his department and the Government of France to hold the 1928 convention in Paris.

Florida annexed its third trophy when it was awarded the F. W. Galbraith, Jr., trophy for the greatest "man miles" any delegation covered in coming to the convention.

The Milton J. Foreman trophy was awarded to the Minnesota team which won first place in the annual rifle shooting competition.

On motion of Pennsylvania, the convention struck from the official records all debate on the finance committee report yesterday which had brought out the first tinge of bitterness shown on the floor during the convention.

The resolution adopted, "Resolved, That the American Legion, in commemoration of the arrival of the first American troops in France, June 18, 1917, be pledged in a resolution adopted."

Rapidly disposing of other business, the convention reached the nomination of candidates, with each nomination speech limited to five minutes and succeeding speeches three minutes. To elect a majority of all votes cast was required. There were 974 accredited votes.

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55 MOTOR CONCERNS
TO DISPLAY LINES AT
N. Y. CLOSED CAR SHOW
Special from Monitor Bureau
NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Fifty-five automobile exhibitors will make displays at the Closed Car Show at the Grand Central Palace the week of Sept. 27 to Oct. 4, under the auspices of the Automobile Merchants' Association, Inc.

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James A. Drain
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OF THE LEGION
Comes From Washington,
D. C.—Child Welfare Support Assured by Chaplains

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 19 (Special)—James A. Drain of Washington, D. C., was elected national commander of the American Legion at the closing session of its sixth annual convention here today.

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Only two other names were presented, those of John R. McQuigg, of Cleveland, and E. E. Spafford of New York.

"Full support of the Legion's program of national defense and child welfare was promised in the report of the National Chaplains' Association."

E. H. Conner of Paris, commander of the department of France, extended to the Legion the invitation of his department and the Government of France to hold the 1928 convention in Paris.

Florida annexed its third trophy when it was awarded the F. W. Galbraith, Jr., trophy for the greatest "man miles" any delegation covered in coming to the convention.

The Milton J. Foreman trophy was awarded to the Minnesota team which won first place in the annual rifle shooting competition.

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The resolution adopted, "Resolved, That the American Legion, in commemoration of the arrival of the first American troops in France, June 18, 1917, be pledged in a resolution adopted."

Rapidly disposing of other business, the convention reached the nomination of candidates, with each nomination speech limited to five minutes and succeeding speeches three minutes. To elect a majority of all votes cast was required. There were 974 accredited votes.

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Masonic Universality Shown in Royal Order of Scotland

Unique Organization, Once Limited to Scots, Now Links Western World With Far East

By CHARLES SUMNER LOBINGIER

The Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite for the Northern Jurisdiction of the United States, which closed a memorable session yesterday in Boston, began with the annual meeting on Monday of the Provincial Grand Lodge of the Royal Order of Scotland which conferred its two degrees on a large group. Its program ended with a brilliant banquet, attended by some 400 knights of the order and their ladies, who listened to addresses by the Grand Master of Massachusetts as well as by representatives of the order in Canada and in the Philippines.

Enough of the uniqueness of this little understood branch of the Masonic fraternity was brought out by the speakers to encourage further inquiry into its peculiar history. Its wide diffusion and its growing exemplification of the universality of Masonry.

In a recent newspaper article, the Royal Order of Scotland is described as "a social organization composed of Thirty-Second and Thirty-Third Degree Masons." Doubtless the author of this wrote from the best obtainable sources, but it is a pity that the lack of information even among Masons regarding a time-honored and widespread branch of Masonry.

Open to Master Masons
For the sturdy sons of Scotland, among whom it originated and who still predominate in its government, would be surprised to find it characterized as "a social organization"; nor has it ever prescribed as a qualification of membership the possession of the Thirty-Second, and much less of the Thirty-Third degree. Indeed, the Grand Lodge of the Order at Edinburgh has recently opened it to all Master Masons, though formerly the Royal Arch degree was required. Its relation to ancient craft Masonry is therefore precisely that of the Royal Arch Chapter itself and, like the latter, it claims to be an exclusively Masonic organization.

Tradition links the origin of the Royal Order of Scotland with Robert Bruce, Bannockburn, and the heroic age of Scottish history. But exaggerated claims of antiquity are not uncommon in the earlier stages of Masonic development and the Royal Order is no exception. Reliable historians of today do not place its beginnings earlier than the latter half of the eighteenth century.

At first membership was limited to Scotsmen, but as these were gradually distributed throughout the globe, and provincial grand lodges were established, it came to be recognized that the admission of Masons of other races was wise—if not essential to the further growth of the order—and so the national barrier was removed and the Royal Order of Scotland moved up to a place in the ranks of International Masonry.

Extends to Far East
This broadening of its membership requirements has resulted in the extension of the Royal Order into countries where it would hardly have penetrated otherwise. England, e. g., has several provincial grand lodges, and so has Canada and Australia.

The Provincial Grand Lodge of the United States opened in 1918 and now alternates its annual meeting with that of the Northern and Southern Supreme councils. Thus its 1924 session in Boston will be followed by one next year in London, and in 1926 at the place where the Northern Supreme Council meets that year.

In the Far East the Royal Order is fairly well represented. There is a Provincial Grand Lodge of the Order in China, located at Shanghai, and another Provincial Grand Lodge in the British colony of Shanghai. In 1918 a provincial grand lodge was opened in the Philippines.

From a purely local unit, confined to the relatively small country of Scotland, the Royal Order now has spread pretty well around the globe, and its possible fields are far from occupied yet.

Albert Pike Once Master
Aside from the influence of this interesting and too little known order? First of all, it has a quaint and stately ritual, unique in being mainly rhymed, which carries us back to the early days of Masonry. Its claims to influence, however, are far more than ritualistic.

The first Provincial Grand Master of the United States was Albert Pike, most eminent of the grand commanders of the Southern Grand Council and its recognized oracle. The late Grand Commander Richardson of the same Supreme Council was also Provincial Grand Master as was, likewise, the present Grand Commander of the Northern Supreme Council, Leon M. Abbott. By this interchanging and holding sessions as above indicated, the royal order draws its membership from both jurisdictions and creates new ties between them.

But it is more than a link between Supreme Councils; it binds together nationalities as well. For the Grand Lodge of the Royal Order, whose seat is at Edinburgh, is the only European Masonic Grand body, with a regular and recognized subordinate branch in the United States. The ties which bound American craft Masonry to the Premier Grand Lodge of England and its younger sister, the Supreme Grand Lodge of Scotland, were severed by the Revolution.

Links Masons of the World
Thereafter American craft Masonry became autonomous and the British Grand Bodies became foreign. Not so, however, the Grand Lodge of the Royal Order which maintains Masonic "hands across the sea" and

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Platform Makers Preparing Their Report to State Convention

IS AUDUBON APPEAL

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Citizens National Bank, Resources, \$47,475,495.45
Citizens Trust & Savings Bank, Resources, \$4,342,620.49
Citizens Bank, Resources, \$91,816,116.34
19 Conveniently Located Banks and Branches

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Gen. J. Smuts Gives Views on Great War and Treaty

Statesman Talks of South African Rebellion and of Debacle at Caporetto, and Tells Defects of Pact

CAPE TOWN, Aug. 18 (Special Correspondence)—Only one world statesman and one who played a very prominent part in the settlement at Versailles has refrained from making public his views on the Great War of 1914-18. He is Gen. Jan Smuts, who until a few months ago was Prime Minister of South Africa.

The other day, after repeated requests, he consented to tell a representative of the Christian Science Monitor his story of the war. In reply to a question whether he could recall where the outbreak of war had found him, and what were his first impressions on receipt of the news, he said:

"I remember when first the news came through of the Sarajevo murder. I did not attach much importance to the matter, as it hardly seemed to concern South Africa. I saw that the deed might possibly lead to war between Austria and Russia, but I was not dreaming that more than 30 states were soon to be at each other's throats, and that almost overnight the world would be involved in war. It was only when the Austrian ultimatum to Serbia was flashed over the wires that I realized that if Great Britain went to war South Africa would be immediately affected.

General Botha happened to be on a holiday visit to Rhodesia and he wired me saying he was journeying back by sea on a German mailboat. Fortunately we were able to reach him in time to warn him. He returned overland just in time to avoid being interned by the Germans.

England declares war. When he got back he had been cast. England declared war on Germany on Aug. 4, leaving us in South Africa confronted with a situation fraught with infinite difficulties and complications. I was on my way north to Pretoria at the time, anxiously waiting for the news of the British Government. In the course of Aug. 3 a preliminary warning came, and toward 2 a. m. I learned from defense headquarters that Britain had entered the war, and, technically speaking, we, too, were embarked on the great enterprise.

General Botha reached Pretoria by Aug. 6, I think, and we both realized that we were faced with the most momentous decision of our lives. On the day of his arrival he called his Cabinet together and it quite clear to his colleagues that he considered himself bound in honor and duty to range himself and his country on the side of the Allies. Hot-foot came the cable from the British Government asking us to invade German West Africa, and we were called upon to determine such far-reaching issues. But our colleagues were men of high mettle, and they shouldered the great responsibility of war unflinchingly. General Botha summoned a special session of Parliament, and called upon the country to sanction the expedition into Germany.

South African Rebellion. Then the rebellion broke out, and that was the most critical time of all. As Minister of Defense, and such responsible for the safety of the Union, then devolved on me the tragic necessity of having to take military steps against my own people. Christian De Wet, Beyers, Kemp and Muller, and many more of our old companions with whom we had shared the hardships and dangers of the Boer War. To me, and more especially to General Botha, it was the saddest time imaginable.

General de la Rey I last met here in Cape Town in the gardens of the House of Parliament. But I do not think I saw General Beyers at all after his resignation as Commandant General. General Botha, however, had a meeting with Beyers a few days before he took the fatal leap. What happened between these two men—friends and comrades of old but now estranged at their last meeting on earth, I do not know; I never had the heart to inquire.

Next came the news that Beyers had taken the field with a strong force, upon which General Botha took the field himself and drove Beyers headlong down the Magaliesburg Valley. Then followed anxious months, during which we gradually suppressed the rising and restored order.

After a slight review of the German West campaign, in which General Smuts commanded the southern army, he spoke with evident satisfaction of the 1915 election campaign, when the people of the Union supported General Botha with no uncertain voice, and set the seal upon his victory in German West Africa by once more returning him to power.

On being asked whether it was true that he had gone to Austria during the war to discuss peace points, he said that the time had not yet come to discuss the matter, though he admitted he had traveled to Switzerland and met the Austrian envoys, who had come to initiate a peace movement.

After General Murray's withdrawal at Mara, General Smuts was offered the Imperial Cabinet to proceed to Palestine in order to discuss with General Allenby the plans for the general advance which ultimately ended in the sweeping victory that drove the Turks out of the war.

In October, 1918, after the Italian debacle at Caporetto, Mr. Lloyd

George and General Smuts hurried off to Italy. The French were distinguished to send any assistance to the Italian, and only tact and diplomacy saved an ugly situation. Regarding the Peace Conference at Versailles, General Smuts was reticent, and declined to be drawn into a discussion. With regard to the actual result of the Treaty itself, he contented himself with saying that the peace terms contained two fatal defects: First, the reparations clauses were far too drastic and were impossible of fulfillment; and secondly, the League of Nations was formed without the adherence of the United States, which made the peace the lopsided affair that it has turned out to be.

DENMARK STRIVES FOR DISARMAMENT

Army and Navy May Go, and Conscription Be Abolished

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, Sept. 3 (Special Correspondence)—There has, for decades, been a desire on the part of the Radical and Social-Democratic parties, and to some extent that of the Left, to reduce the defensive forces of Denmark, partly, no doubt, from an honest disbelief in their efficiency in case Denmark should be involved in war, and partly from political considerations. Disarmament has figured on the program of the Social-Democrats for some time, and now that they are in office they are endeavoring in earnest to put it into practice as soon as the Rigsdag assembles in October.

Broadly speaking, both the army and navy will have to go, the former altogether, the latter as far as the bigger ships are concerned. Conscription is to be abolished and in place of an army a national reserve police corps will be formed through voluntary recruiting. This force is to be a limited training and can be called upon to guard the frontier and to assist the customs authorities and police. The bigger classes of warships are to be abolished, and the fleet, if one may so call it, is to be reduced to small fast craft for coastal service and to be backed up by an increased air force.

The Conservatives are completely against disarmament, and naturally the officers criticize the Rasmussen scheme mercilessly, endeavoring to show that it will not even be economical.

Everything favoring of militarism is to be taboo in the new force, the functionaries are ordinary State functionaries, and the corps is to be under the management of a director. The Danish Government has made the first of its kind to be given an earnest trial of Parliamentary acceptance, is naturally attracting much attention outside Denmark.

Sweden does not view it with favor, being of opinion that it will weaken the military position of all the Scandinavian countries and disturb the present balance of Scandinavia in this connection. Other countries also have shared the new Danish venture with much interest.

Henry Schreber, the newly appointed Swiss Minister to the Scandinavian courts, is at present in Copenhagen and is particularly interested.

The Danish Government calculates the annual expenditure of the force, the reserve police which is to replace the present army, at 11,000,000 kroner, plus pensions, including temporary ones for those who will become "unemployed" by the abolition of the army and most of the navy; but this figure has been challenged by the opponents of the new scheme.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

Expressing Willie

A Comedy by Rachel Crothers
48th ST. Theatre, 8:30, Mat. 2:30
Tuesday and Saturday at 2:30

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RESTAURANTS BROADMOOR INN HOME COOKING PARTIES 3 meals daily—Sunday dinner Noon on Wilshire at Carver's Hotel, Tel. 5199

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Motion Pictures—Music—New Books

Among the Photoplay Makers

Hollywood, Calif., Sept. 12 (Special Correspondence)—"EXCUSE ME," a stage comedy written by Rupert Hughes, and which was originally produced by Henry W. Savage with Ann Murdock and Willis P. Sweatman in the leading roles, is to be made into a picture under the direction of the author. Mr. Hughes has not made a picture since the merger of the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer companies, having been devoting his time to short story and novel writing.

Buster Keaton has signed a new two-year contract with Joseph M. Schenck calling for the making of six feature comedies, the first of which will be David Belasco's "Seven Chances," written by Rol Cooper Megrue, and translated for the screen by a committee which includes George Mitchell, Jean Haves and Clyde Bruckman. Jack MacDermott will direct the production. Keaton recently finished a picture called "The Navigator."

Douglas Fairbanks and Mary Pickford, despite reports to the contrary, have not decided upon their next stories as yet, although both are planning to make productions that will, if possible, surpass their last. At the present time they are busily engaged in one of Hollywood's most baffling pursuits, trying to find stories.

"The filming of 'The Great Divide' has been completed and the picture is being edited under the supervision of Reginald Barker, who directed it. Most of the scenes were made on the Painted Desert of Arizona, with a cast which included Alice Terry, Conway Tearle, Wallace Beery, Zasu Pitts, Huntley Gordon, Alan Forrest, Ford Sterling and George Cooper.

William de Mille has started work on a new picture called "Locked Doors," written by Clara Beranger, and with the following players: Betty Compson, Theodore von Eltz, Robert Edeson, Theodore Roberts and Kathryn Williams. Paramount is to make a film of Zane Grey's "Code of the West," with William Howard directing, and in which Constance Bennett, daughter of Richard Bennett, will have the leading role. Another tale of other days to be made at the same studio is "The River Boat," a story of the California gold rush of '49, based on an original story written by Charles E. Whittaker.

Beaulieu Love who has been playing with conspicuous success in quite a number of recent pictures, has gone to New York to play opposite Thomas Meighan in "Tongues of Flame," a film version of the novel by Peter Clark MacFarlane.

Frank Keenan is to play the leading role in a picture to be made from Gerald Beaumont's story "Dial." It is a story of the old South and puts Keenan back in the same atmosphere in which he made his initial screen success as the colonel in "The Colonel," a production made by the old Triangle Company.

James Kirkwood has been selected to play the leading male role in "Top of the World," Alan Crossland's forthcoming production for Paramount. This is from the novel by Ethel M. Dell and in it Kirkwood will be called upon to play a dual role.

Colleen Moore's next picture is to be an original story by June Marlowe called "Bobby and the Wolf," and the latter's initial effort since returning from Italy and signing a contract with First National. Miss Moore at present is in the midst of making Edna Ferber's story "So Big."

The Vitaphone Company is making a film of Kenneth Perkins' novel "The Beloved Brute," with J. Stuart Armstrong.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

HAUNTED HOUSE

With WALLACE EDDINGER
COHAN Theatre, 8:30, Mat. Wed-Sat.
Colonial Theatre, 8:30, Pop. 50c to \$1.50

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

SISSIE AND BLAKE

In a new musical comedy of quality
THE CHOCOLATE DANDIES
Ambassador 49th St. W. 8:30, Pop. 50c to \$1.50
FAY Bainter in "The Dream Girl" with Walter Woolf

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

PLAN JANE

ELTINGE Theatre, 42nd St. W. 8:30, Mat. Wed-Sat. 2:30
EMPIRE Theatre, 8:30, Mat. Wed-Sat. 2:30
Molnar's Sparkling Comedy
"The Swan"

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

BE YOURSELF!

QUEEN SMITH JACK DONAHUE
44th St. Theatre, 8:30, Mat. Wed-Sat. 2:30
SHEEN ON THE TROOP

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

THE IRON HORSE

Mr. William Fox
The Romantic Picture of the Week
JOHN FORD PRODUCTION
ASTOR Theatre, 8:30, Mat. Wed-Sat. 2:30
ALBERT E. SMITH Presents

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

CAPTAIN BLOOD

By RAPHAEL SARATINI
with J. WARREN KERRIGAN and JEAN PAIGE
A Vitaphone Picture
IVOLL, B'way at 49th St.
THOMAS MEIGHAN
in "THE ALASKA"
IALTO, B'way at 42 St.
"THE CLEAN HEART"

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

Mary Jane McKane

With HAL SKELLY Broadway Cast Singers and Dancing Chorus
GEO. COHAN'S GRAND MATINEES
M. JOHN GOLDEN, Producer
"Wagon for Wives," Presents
7th HEAVEN

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

7th HEAVEN

Direct from Two Years at Booth Theatre, New York. All Star Cast.

Blackton directing and William Russell playing the leading rôle. William Desmond is being filmed in a story called "The Meddler," under the direction of Arthur Rossen, with a cast which includes Jack Daugherty, Edmund Cobb, Claire Anderson and Kate Lester.

Mrs. Wallace Reid is completing a picture, under the direction of R. Wm. Nell, from an original story by Adela Rogers St. John called "Broken Laws." In the cast are Percy Marmont, Ramsey Wallace, Jacquelin Saunders, Arthur Rankin, Virginia Lee Corbin, Terence Moore and Jane Wray.

Some Recent Books in Brief Review

Gordon of the Lost Lagoon, by Robert Watson (New York: Alton Balch & Co. \$2.) Mr. Watson has laid the scene of this novel in Vancouver and has made its lumber interests an important factor. Douglas Gordon tells the story in the first person. There was a mystery about his parentage, but his foster-mother, Mrs. Berry, who loved him as though he were her own, saw early that his love for adventure and independence was natural to him. When Douglas was 12, Mrs. Berry left him a sealed envelope which was not to be opened until he was 22. For a time Douglas lived with his foster-father, Sam, a shrewd, good-natured, easy-going, easily-led, irresponsible individual who worked as longshoreman when he couldn't get out of it. The boy's first touch of what seemed real adventure was selling newspapers on the Seagull, which made bi-weekly trips up the sound. At Coho wharf he encountered a bully whom he nicknamed "Greenswagger." Later it was at Coho that he worked out his business success, encountered his life romance, and solved, with the aid of the now long-forgotten letter, the mystery of his parentage. While there is nothing strikingly original in plot or handling, the scene is fresh, the story moves rapidly, and is pleasantly written.

Rimrock, by T. C. Hoyt (Boston: The Four Seas Co. \$2.) Among the cattle barons who, in the early days of the great west, followed trapper prospectors and miners in the order named, there existed a deep-seated conviction that the range land was to be for no other purpose and could be held only by the man who was first to use on a large scale. This was the basis of the resistance of those in possession of the vast ranges, to the so-called "nesters" who had faith in the farming possibilities of the land. "Rimrock" is based on the struggle of the "nesters" Lewis Ames and Judson Keith to establish themselves agriculturally in a location falsely claimed and held by the Bar-T outfit. As a picture of the life of the time and of existing conditions it is excellent. The author evidently knew and loved every inch of the territory and is entirely familiar at first hand with the life of the cowboy. This very familiarity often leads the author into too great elaboration of details. Against the background Mr. Hoyt has woven a story of the close friendship of Ames and Keith, the misunderstanding brought about between them through the jealousy of the Bar-T outfit, and the final victory of the "nesters" with a love story thrown in. Heroic editorial blue-penciling would have drawn the story into greater compactness and speeded up the action.

London Stage Notes. Special from Monitor Bureau. LONDON, Sept. 8.—The newly formed Partnership Players commence their program soon. The initial production is to be a new play by Kenneth Barnes, called "The Letting of the Law." The cast will include Violet Vanburgh and Athole Stewart. A subsequent production of this society is to be Arnold Bennett's "Don Juan." According to the directorate (of which Lord Cowley is chairman) the managerial policy is "not to challenge, but to deliberately imitate, the cinemas and music halls, which have attained prosperity by giving their patrons comfort combined with cheapness."

There is a prospect that the Scala Theatre, London, will soon be taken over for exclusive use by amateur dramatic societies. A new play announced for the Ambassadors is "The Pelican," by H. M. Harwood and Miss Tennison Jesse, with Josephine Victor in the leading rôle. Other engagements include Mabel Terry-Lewis and Frederick Kerr.

His Majesty's Theatre will shortly re-open under the joint management of Messrs. Grossmith and Malone, with "The Royal Visitor," adapted from "Le Roi," a comedy by de Caillavet and Robert de Fiers. Oscar Asche, George Grossmith and Yvonne Arnaud are in the cast.

After a year's run "The Green Goddess" is to be withdrawn from the St. James's Theatre. The next production is to be a farce, "The Nervous Wreck," by Owen Davis.

AMUSEMENTS

BOSTON

ST. JAMES

Matinee 2:15, Except Monday & Thursday
Even. at 8:15, Seats at Filene's, Jordan's, St. James's, W. White's
Back Bay 202
BOSTON STOCK COMPANY IN
GOOD GRACIOUS, ANNABELLE

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

The Green Beetle

KLAW Theatre, 45th St. West of B'way
Mat. Daily 2:30, Mat. Wed-Sat. 2:30
HIPPOTRONE
KEITH'S PAGANT 1000 ORCH. \$1
WORLD NOVELTIES SEATS

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

TOP HOLE

FULTON Theatre, W. 46 St. E. 8:30
Mat. Wed-Sat. 2:30
With ERNEST GLENNINING
"HAN MERIT, BEAUTY AND CHARM"
The Christian Science Monitor.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

PLAYHOUSE

48th St. E. of B'way, E. 8:30, Pop. 50c to \$1.50
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday at 2:30
SHEEN ON THE TROOP

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

THE SHOW OFF

By GEORGE KELLY
"Best of all American comedies"—
Hagood and the Christian Science Monitor.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

BE YOURSELF!

QUEEN SMITH JACK DONAHUE
44th St. Theatre, 8:30, Mat. Wed-Sat. 2:30
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ELIZABETH HINES

In the New Musical Comedy "MARJORIE"
RICHARD KRETT GALLAGHER
ROY ROYSTON ETHEL SHUTTA
"Held us out of the theatre with a feeling of cleanliness that lingers in the memory."
L. S. The Christian Science Monitor.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

CHICAGO

AUDITORIUM

Matinees WED. and SAT.
Messrs. Shubert present
Blossom Time
Even. (except Saturday) 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50
Mat. Wednesday and Saturday 50c, 75c, \$1.00

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

IN THE NEXT ROOM

PSYCHIC Mystery Play in Years
"The Greatest Mystery Play in Years"

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

Mary Jane McKane

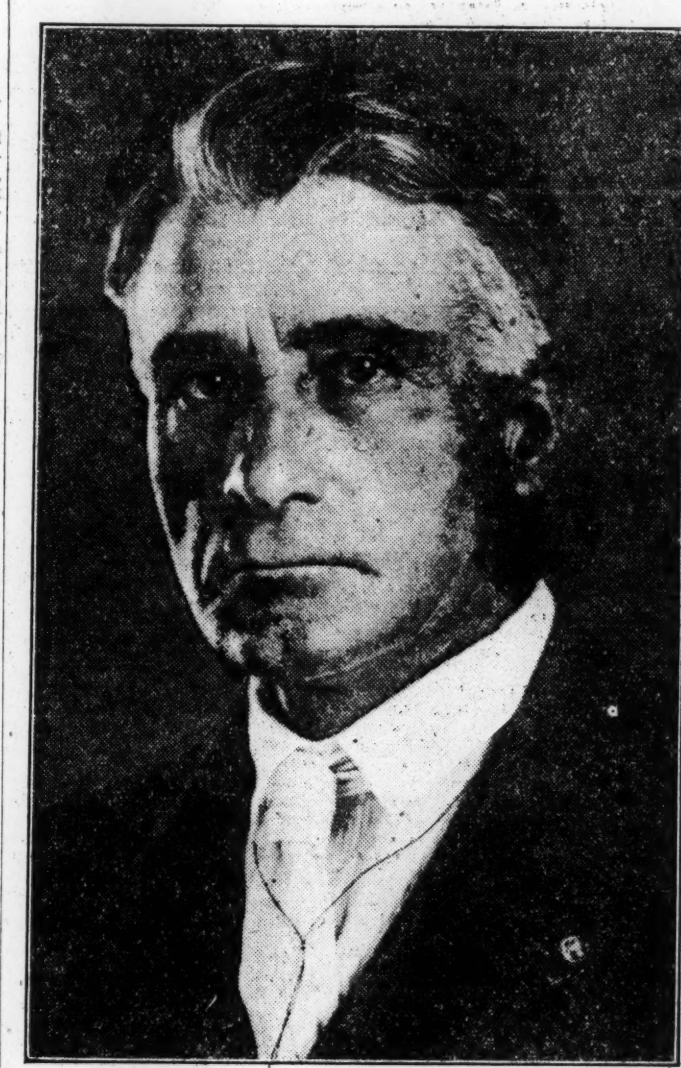
With HAL SKELLY Broadway Cast Singers and Dancing Chorus
GEO. COHAN'S GRAND MATINEES
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7th HEAVEN

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK

7th HEAVEN

Direct from Two Years at Booth Theatre, New York. All Star Cast.



DR. M. R. GILMORE
He Has Recently Made Motion Picture Records in North Dakota of Many of the Traditional Dances of the American Indians.

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Direct from Two Years at Booth Theatre, New York. All Star Cast.

Indian Dances Recorded

Bismarck, N. D. (Special Correspondence)—MOTION pictures of the Mother Corn ceremony and other rituals of the Indians of the northern plains as they were celebrated by the tribes before white men came, recently have been made by Dr. M. R. Gilmore of the staff of the Museum of the American Indian, New York, and E. F. Coffin, photographer of the museum.

"Our purpose is to make a permanent accurate record of this phase of the culture of the western tribes, while there are yet Indian men and women to re-enact the scenes of the olden days. Incidentally, the Mother Corn ceremony picture will be a tardy recognition of the great debt the present white farmers of the northwest owe to the Indians who acclimated corn, a plant of tropical origin, to the far north semi-arid regions in the long ago."

Dr. Gilmore, who was formerly curator of the Historical Museum of North Dakota, has for years studied and made friends with the Indians of the Upper Missouri Valley. Because they know him and trust him he was able to make the Indians understand the purpose of making the motion pictures and to get them to perform their ceremonies before the camera.

The Berthold Indian reservation in northwestern North Dakota was chosen as the place for the picture-making, and the Arrikaras, who live on the reservation with the Gros Ventres and Mandans, were selected to take the parts because of the high order of their former culture. About 750 Arrikaras are on the reservation. Dr. Gilmore's hiding 250 of these left their homes and pitched a temporary camp. Most of them were men and women of 60 and 70. "I found they wanted their old customs preserved," says Dr. Gilmore, "and were eager to cooperate with me in every way."

Things pertaining to old tribal life were contributed—utensils of household use, objects used in games, farm tools, sewing articles, food products and pottery. A typical old-time village was established. Many photographs were taken of the various articles and of the Indians engaged in different forms of work and play.

The most important single motion picture, however, was made of the "Mother Corn" ceremony. Many of the customs and ceremonies of Indian village life centered about corn culture.

"Corn and beans came from southern Mexico," says Dr. Gilmore. A great many decades were required to carry them to the Dakotas and acclimate them. The migration of the Pawnees, Wichitas, Arrikarees and other tribes of the Caddoan stock was from the southwest. These tribes had the highest culture of the plains. None other of the Caddoans, however, migrated so far north as the Arrikarees carrying corn growing

to such northern latitudes and so, among the Upper Plains Indians, the Arrikarees led all in agriculture, pottery, architecture and arts of life in general. Their homes were earth-covered lodges which were commodious and well ventilated.

The Arrikaras called corn "Mother" because it was of such benefit to the people. At planting times they performed ceremonies of prayer for good crops, and at harvest time held elaborate ceremonials of Thanksgiving. Just as they had gathered to celebrate these rites 40 and 50 years ago, and their ancestors for centuries before them, the older members of the Arrikaras celebrated again this summer before the camera under the direction of Dr. Gilmore.

"The pictures, we hope," says Dr. Gilmore, "will show people of today and the generations to come that our native Americans were not wandering savages, but lived in fixed habitations and practiced agriculture and other cultural arts."

Music Notes

The Philadelphia Orchestra has received so many requests which it cannot satisfy, from American cities which desire to hear the organization, that it is considering a transcontinental tour—which could not take place this season because of the already crowded calendar. It has just been made known that when the orchestra goes to Toronto in midwinter, for the four "festival" appearances with the Mendelssohn Choir, Buffalo will be visited en route. The annual Princeton engagement has been set for March 3. The only other out-of-town appearances in the current season will be in New York, Washington and Baltimore.

Georges Enesco, Rumanian composer and violinist, will give a recital in Paine Hall, Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass., Tuesday evening, Sept. 30, at 8:15. This concert has been made possible through the generosity of Mrs. F. S. Coolidge and will be open to the public without charge.

Roland Hayes, who has returned from Europe, is to undertake this season an extensive tour of America, which will culminate in the spring on the Pacific coast. He will open the tour in Boston with a concert Sunday afternoon, Oct. 5, in Symphony Hall. This concert will open the season of Sunday afternoon concerts, which will also include during the same month an appearance by Madame Schumann-Heink on Oct. 12, and a concert by John McCormack on Sunday, Oct. 19.

In next season's concert announcements is mentioned a presentation of Franck's "Beatitudes," to be given by the New York Oratorio Society, Albert Stoessel, conductor, in April, 1925. Ester Dale, soprano, is scheduled to assist as soloist.

New England—and Beyond

OUR Company serves the telephone needs of five New England states; but we should serve them ill if that service ceased at their boundaries.

As an integral part of the Bell System we are subject to no such limitation.

In this day of human progress, no land is sufficient to itself. New England, of which we are so proud, is not and cannot be a self-contained economic unit.

The productivity of her shops and mills outruns her need to consume. The wants of her high civilization are too complex for home supply.

Household Arts, Crafts and Decoration

Express Your Individuality Through Your Windows

MANY a time have strangers walked through the streets of a charming old town where they knew no one and, standing outside of some dignified well-kept home, pictured in imagination what the interior must be like. The keynote of this imagined picture was the curtains softly peeping from either side of the windows or gently veiling from the curious the inner setting of the home.

It goes without saying that this keynote must be related to the type of architecture of the house. Thus a safe choice is the dainty, white-trimmed curtains seen on all hands now that a sound instinct has led us generally to adopt the colonial in architecture. Yet surely in the good old days when much thought and time were wisely spent on needlecraft and design, there must have been many variations on this style and considerable embellishment, so that now one feels justified in seeking individuality while keeping within the bounds of good taste. It is not necessary to have exactly the same curtains as the neighbor across the street, although the houses may have been built in the same dignified period.

Fabrics That Are Different

Taking as a premise individuality in curtains, one sweeps aside with one gesture the usual thing offered in ready-made draperies and turns to the making of them.

The cotton dress goods departments are veritable treasure islands, where the thrifty may dig out wonderful effects to deck her home.

Voiles are splendid materials for curtains, both in white and in colors. They launder well, are delightfully sheer, and nothing in the cotton kingdom in these days wears quite so well. It is no idle waste of time to add to a voile curtain a dainty hem of hand hemstitching and other decorative features which take time.

The usual plain scrim and curtain muslin treated in new ways will make effective curtains for bedrooms. Scrim can be tied-dyed or treated with floated dyes to good effect, provided it be washed first. At the present moment, all kinds of nets are very much in the limelight for curtains. Those with the flit mesh are most popular and come in very heavy coarse varieties, suggesting fish nets.

A relative of the familiar sun-fast materials is the silken shimmering fabric, which may be had in all kinds of charming colors, and which, we are told, is a fiber silk. It is very lovely, in an ivory tone, for certain dignified types of rooms.

Pongee is another material which is eminently satisfactory as a curtain material and fascinating effects may be achieved by batikting or hand-dyeing on this fabric.

To Enhance the View

In many a town and almost all country and suburban places there are certain windows which look out on charming distant views or delightful gardens. They must be decked with the utmost care, so that the picture beyond is preserved and aided, not obliterated, by the interior decorator's art.

For the dignified home there are attractive effects of the "flat-against-the-window-pane" type, which are of sheer net or lace, and which add a

certain softness, but do not obstruct the landscape beyond.

One of these curtains, which was found already made, was of a coarse flit net in the natural linen color. The mesh was almost a quarter of an inch square, and the lower edge weighted with a scalloped hand-made fringe made of fairly heavy cord with tassels at intervals. Across the bottom and in the center appeared a quaint design worked in the old-fashioned darning stitch. Another design more pretentious but similar in its adaptation was of coarse real cluny insertion put together with panels of fine white net gathered. A wide heavy banding of cluny, put on plain, finished the lower edge.

In a simpler type of house the gathered curtain can be made for such windows provided the material is exceedingly transparent. Fine nets are used for this purpose. Artists love what is known as theatrical gauze—a very transparent linen-colored material which comes accommodatingly reasonable in price. This veils a view most charmingly.

In quite an original manner was a bright, artistic studio curtained, utilizing black tarleton of a very fine quality. A simple border was worked across the lower edge in orange-colored wools, and here and there it dropped a round wool-covered circle made of a lead weight which also served to keep the curtain taut.

Kitchen Windows

Once upon a time that all-important place, the kitchen, was treated with scant courtesy in the scheme of home decoration, but nowadays the housewife feels that if the kitchen be not decked in tune with the rest of the house she is not a good home maker. Nevertheless, she is a practical person and, even though she takes into serious consideration the charm of her kitchen, the curtain fabric must be selected with a stern eye as to whether it has the necessary qualities to withstand the wear and tear of a culinary domain.

For some time the domestic decorator has been choosing clear plaid, gingham for curtains in their kitchens, probably with an idea of matching them up with their kitchen ware, but lately a more personal touch is appearing in gay, warm, floral patterns. Percales in yellow and orange tones bring a touch of sunshine on the dreariest wintry days and tub as well as anything else.

Glazed chintz sounds rather expensive for a mere kitchen window, but chintz or percales costing 30 cents a yard can be glazed at home with a stiff starch.

For side curtains there are endless possibilities in the many-colored oilcloths now on the market. Even the plain black ones in the right place strike the right note and may be

effectively decorated with colored slivers attached to small brass rings, oilcloth makes the best kind of curtains for unsightly shelves and even as porrières to doorways. In fact a touch of color may be carried throughout the kitchen by means of oilcloths which will not only make curtains and blinds to be drawn at night, but kitchen cushions to place in the chairs, decorative chair backs, and many other practical things.

London

Special Correspondence

WHEN so much thought and appreciation is given by collectors and buyers to the work of artists and craftsmen of the past, it is almost with a feeling of relief that one turns to consider the work of those living in the present. The words "Chelsea" and "pottery" immediately bring to thought the charming pieces so prized by collectors, but it is well to remind ourselves that today in Chelsea, pottery is being produced that is as beautiful and good as ever it was in the past.

In 1918 Harry Parr began to make pottery figures in his studio at Cheyne Row, Chelsea. He was born at Forthill in Staffordshire, half a mile from Bradwell Farm, where the brothers Elers made their first pottery about 1730. Mr. Parr comes of three generations of potters. His father was a pot painter at the famous Davenport factory. He was cradled in pottery tradition and grew up in the surroundings made so delightfully familiar to the many readers of Arnold Bennett's stories of the five towns. In fact, the novelist's brother Septimus was a fellow apprentice with Parr to James Marsh of Burslem, in pottery modeling. While studying at the Burslem School of Art, Parr gained a Royal Exhibition to the Royal College of Art, London, and there took a British Institute scholarship in sculpture, and a traveling scholarship, enabling him to spend a year in Italy studying the work of the great masters.

The general public has very little conception of the great labor, patience and love that goes to the making of these pottery figures. The craft is a highly skilled one, and the process briefly is as follows: The figure is first modeled in clay, then molded in plaster of paris. Some figures have as many as 18 molds. The molds are made specially for casting in slip (liquid clay). The molds are filled with slip until the required thickness is obtained, then poured out. The slip shrinks away from the molds and is taken out. The parts are pieced together with slip. Parts like ribbon, flowers, etc., which cannot be cut out of the molds, are added by hand and attached on. When figures are absolutely dry, they are placed in a muffle furnace, heated by gas and fired to a temperature of nearly 1200 degrees centigrade. They are then painted with underglaze colors and glazed and fired again to about 1100 degrees centigrade; then overpainted in parts with enamel colors and fired at about 800 degrees centigrade.

The two pieces here reproduced are beautiful examples of Mr. Parr's work. Their exquisite refinement of modeling, together with a sculptural sense of form give them an unusual quality, and when allied to lovely color and dainty fancy, one can well imagine how one of these figures decorates and dominates a room. The color of the sportive little boy on a turkey combines white, delicate flesh-color, gold, and touches of red, blue, black and emerald green.

These figures are rare, not only by reason of their individual quality, but also from the fact that they are produced singly handed. That they are highly valued is evidenced by the fact that they are owned by such well-known collectors as Sir Aston Webb, P. R. A., Sir G. Frampton, R. A., Prof. Derwent Wood, R. A., Harold Mossop, Lady Willis, Lady Cruise and others.

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cream sauce. Cut muffins in two and scoop out center, butter inside of muffins and place in oven long enough to melt butter. Make highly-seasoned cream sauce to which has been added grated cheese, chopped eggs and the soft part of muffins. Cook this to a thick paste and fill the muffin shells. Place filled muffin halves together and bake 15 minutes. Serve hot.

The Delectable Breadcrumb

BREADCRUMBS are the salvation of the modern Mother Hubbard. Whether fresh or stale, they are indispensable to the well-ordered cupboard. You wonder at the delicate texture of an excellent pudding, the indescribable relish of a mysterious luncheon dish, and to every question you ask the answer is the same, "Breadcrumbs." It does seem a far cry from a dried crumb to a savory golden-brown croquette or a fluffy omelette. But a peep within the covers of Mother Hubbard's

Nut and Crumb Croquettes

One cup chopped pecans or walnuts, 1 cup breadcrumbs. Moisten with highly-seasoned white sauce, shape into croquettes and fry in deep fat. These are delicious when served with fresh green peas.

Crumb Omelette

One egg for each person; 1 tablespoon hot water for each egg; seasoning; 1 cup stale bread cut in tiny cubes and browned in bacon fat. Beat yolks of eggs until thick, season with hot water and crumbs; mix well together and cut and fold into stiffly-beaten whites. Turn into a warm omelette pan in which a tablespoon of butter has been melted. Cook quickly until brown, place in hot oven for a few minutes for top to dry, dab with bits of butter and fold.

English Monkey

One cup breadcrumbs soaked in 1 cup milk; 1 tablespoon butter added to ½ cup chopped cheese and 1 egg. Mix ingredients together with beaten egg; season and cook three minutes. Serve on toasted crackers.

Saturday Hash

One cup breadcrumbs, ½ cup cooked rice, 1 tablespoon butter, 1 onion, 1½ cups canned tomatoes, season to taste. Sauté the onion in hot oil; add to foregoing mixture, turn into well-greased frying pan and simmer for 25 minutes.

Muffins Supreme

This French recipe makes use of stale muffins in an unusual manner. Six stale muffins; 2 hard-boiled eggs; 1 tablespoon grated cheese; 3 pairs of \$2.00 Silk Hose for \$5.00. All the leading shades—Extra large top—Reinforced double knee and sole. Mail orders filled. TERWILLIGER'S SPECIALTY SHOP, 10 Stoughton St., Albany, N. Y.

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HOTELS, RESORTS AND TRAVEL

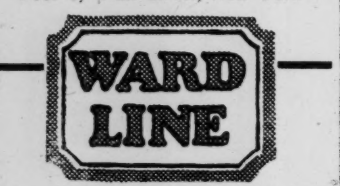


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TASMANIAN CHURCH
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TATTERSALL GIFT
HOBART, Tas. (Special Correspondence)—A great outcry has been raised in church circles in Tasmania through the decision of the Labor Government to allow "Tattersall's" to conduct a charity consultation on behalf of the funds of the Tasmanian state-aided hospitals. It is estimated that by this means a gift of \$10,000 will be made to the hospitals.

A deputation from the various churches waited upon the Attorney-General and lodged a strong protest, but the Minister said he could not refuse a gift that would prove to be very acceptable in the straitened condition of the Treasury, and reminded the deputation that among those bodies that had accepted gifts from the same quarter were St. David's Anglican Mission, and the Salvation Army Home.

For some years past the Commonwealth Government has placed an embargo on the delivery of letters to Tattersall's, but at the same time imposes a tax of 12½ per cent. In order to facilitate the delivery of letters for the Charity Consultation, the Government has provided a letter box at the Treasury, this preventing interference with the letters by the Commonwealth postal authorities.

TRAVEL

Autumn Sailings to EUROPE



S. S. Leviathan, Sept. 27
Sailing at 9 o'clock (Eastern Standard Time)
From Pier 86, foot of West 46th St., New York
to **CHERBOURG and SOUTHAMPTON**
The largest ship in the world provides every luxurious appointment and travel comfort. Low winter rates now in effect: First class passage \$250 and up.

S.S. Geo. Washington, Oct. 4
Sailing at 12 Noon
From Pier 4, Hoboken, N. J.
to **PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG and BREMEN**
One of the most famous and popular ships on the North Atlantic. First class passage \$210 and up.

S. S. Republic, Oct. 11
Sailing at 12 Noon
From Pier 4, Hoboken, N. J.
to **COBH (Queenstown), CHERBOURG and BREMEN**
This newly reconditioned "one class" Cabin ship offers attractive accommodations at low cost. Passage rates, \$125 and up.

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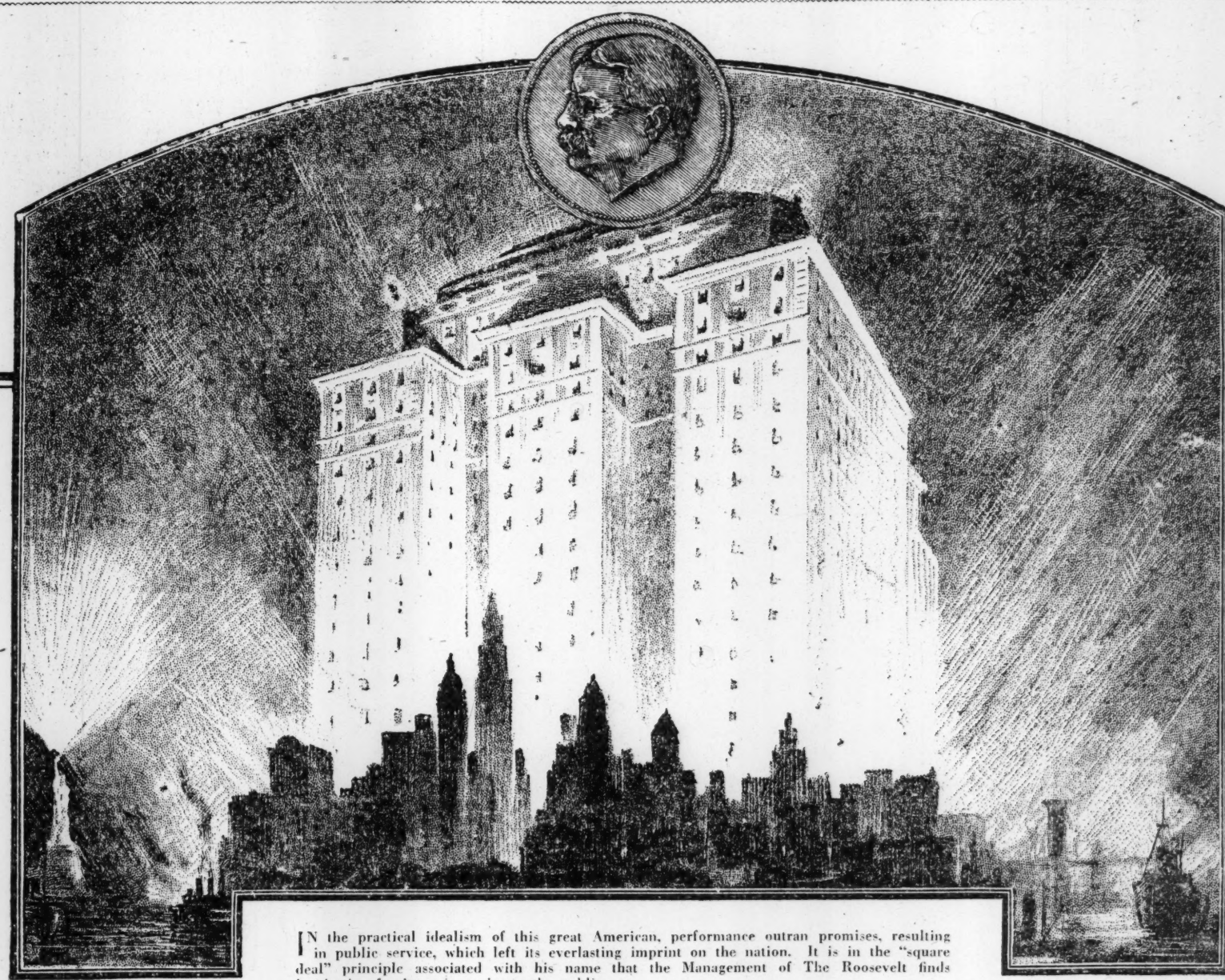
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No Higher Rates

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Sales		High	Low	Sept 19	Sept 18
30	Am Sugar...	47 1/8	46 1/8	47 1/8	46 1/8
44 1/2	*Am T & T...	127	126 1/2	126 3/4	128 1/2
120	Am Woolen...	56 3/8	55 3/4	55 3/8	55 3/8
98	Am Wool pf...	96	95 1/4	95 1/2	96 1/2
165	Amoskeag...	73	72	72 1/2	71 1/2
100	Anascond...				

149	Ariz Com	10 ¹²	10 ¹²	10 ¹²	10 ¹²
10	Bos Elev	75 ¹⁴	75 ¹⁴	75 ¹⁴	75 ¹⁴
2	Bos El pf	93 ¹²	93 ¹²	93 ¹²	93 ¹²
50	Bos El 1 pf	11 ¹⁴	11 ¹⁴	11 ¹⁴	11 ¹⁴
2	Bos El 2 pf	11 ¹³	11 ¹³	11 ¹³	11 ¹³
460	Bos & Me	95 ¹⁴	95 ¹⁴	95 ¹⁴	95 ¹⁴
65	Bos & M pf A	17 ¹⁴	17 ¹⁴	17 ¹⁴	17 ¹⁴
65	Bos & M pf C	24 ¹⁴	24 ¹⁴	24 ¹⁴	24 ¹⁴
15	Bos Prov	161 ¹⁰	161 ¹⁰	161 ¹⁰	161 ¹⁰
10	Cal & Ariz	51 ¹⁵	51 ¹⁵	51 ¹⁵	51 ¹⁵
10	Cal & Hecla	16 ¹²	16 ¹²	16 ¹²	16 ¹²
300	Carson Hill	11 ¹⁴	11 ¹⁴	11 ¹⁴	11 ¹⁴
25	Chie det pf	96 ¹⁴	96 ¹⁴	96 ¹⁴	96 ¹⁴
17	Chif Min	2 ¹⁴	2 ¹⁴	2 ¹⁴	2 ¹⁴
180	Chif	2 ¹⁴	2 ¹⁴	2 ¹⁴	2 ¹⁴

30	Admir J.T.	241	241	241	241
55	Eastern SS.	463	463	241	241
40	East SS pf.	37	37	37	37
40	E Mass	37	37	37	37
43	Edison EL	311	311	311	311
3	Gen. Elec.	182	181	181	182
2	Ga Ry&E	261	261	261	261
15	Greenfield	116	116	116	116
15	Isle Royale	125	125	13	13
5	Island Crk	135	135	15	15
30	Kerr Lake	128	128	128	128
60	Kidder Pbdy	84	84	84	84
20	La Salle	2	2	2	2
37	Libby McE.	51	51	51	51
16	Mass Gas	74	73	73	73
2	Mass Gas pf	64	64	64	64
5	Miss	13	13	13	13

9 Nat	1	32	32	32	32
9 New Dom	21	31	31	31	31
9 N E Tel	104	138	138	138	138
4 NY NH & H 24's	104	104	104	104	104
4 Old Colony	91	91	91	91	91
4 Old Domin	22	22	22	22	22
4 Pacific Mills	77	76	76	76	76
4 Pullman	123	123	123	123	123
4 Quincy Min	21	21	21	21	21
4 Quincy	55	55	55	55	55
4 Simms Mag	12	12	12	12	12
4 Shannon	14	14	14	14	14
4 Swift & C	105	104	105	104	104
4 Swift Inter	28	27	28	27	27
4 Un Fruit	28	27	28	27	27
4 Un Shoe	209	199	209	207	207

9 Nat	1	32	32	32	32
9 New Dom	21	31	31	31	31
9 N E Tel	104	138	138	138	138
4 NY NH & H 24's	104	104	104	104	104
4 Old Colony	91	91	91	91	91
4 Old Domin	22	22	22	22	22
4 Pacific Mills	77	76	76	76	76
4 Pullman	123	123	123	123	123
4 Quincy Min	21	21	21	21	21
4 Quincy and	55	55	55	55	55
4 Simms Mag	12	12	12	12	12
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4 Swift & C	105	104	105	104	104
4 Swift Inter	28	27	28	27	27
4 Un Fruit	28	27	28	27	27
4 Un Shoe	209	199	209	207	207

U S Shoe P...	35	34 1/2	35 1/2	38 1/2	equ
U S Steel P...	44 1/2	26 1/2	27	38 1/2	be
U S Steel	109	109	44 1/2	41	far
U S Steel	39	25	25	30	a d
U S Steel	267	25 1/2	26 1/2	30	but
U S Steel	145 1/2	145 1/2	145 1/2	145 1/2	the
U S Steel	25	34 1/2	24 1/2	25 1/2	be
U S Steel	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	the
BONDS					be
U S Tel	118	118	118	118	ETOS
U S Tel	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	say
U S Tel	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	96	divi
U S Tel	58	96	96	96	96
U S Tel	58	96	96	96	96

[illegible][illegible]

these investors rather than 5½ per cent Treasury certificates, have turned to the bond market for a field of re-
The amount of 5½ per cent Treasury certificates which matured last week was \$377,000,000.
Wednesday's top prices for the

Liberty issues ap-
within 1/2 point of the best
year. Treasury 4 1/8s sold
compared with a top of
Wednesday's top and the
year for the second 4 1/8s
102 and 102; for the third
and 102 21-32, and for the
101 and 101 28-32.

Sept. 19.—Bad weather causing delay to threshing crop movement, led to a fall for wheat today. The price varied from unchanged to lower, with December 1 1/4% and May 1.39% declined by a moderate amount. A rise to well above the cash price was

at $\frac{7}{8}$ c decline to $\frac{3}{8}$ c
umber 1.09 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1.09 $\frac{3}{4}$.
averaged lower.
unchanged to $\frac{1}{4}$ c off.
c. and held near the
re steady.

to a share on the basis of \$132.56, or the preferred, in the 1922. Surplus for six years, compared with \$246.00 on the preferred for 1923.

time in the lumber
estimated that between
10,000 feet of lumber
the building of these
to reports, something
his has already been

standing Com- \$2.00
with net income of
share in the corre-
923.

GAS MERGER

19—A provisional
made for a merger
Company of this
est gas companies
\$30,000,000, with
Suburb Gas Com-

STOCKHOLDERS
Sept. 19—The num-
ber of Railroad stock-
holders, 5,993, a new high
on July 1 of 127.
shareholders than
ever—then having

CABLES
Inc., estimated ended Sept. 30 and tax, com- the preceding

INCOME
reports for the
y 31, 1924, net
interest and

CUT IN GASOL
Gulf Refining Comp
price of gasoline one
New England territory
being 19 cents at filling
cents from tank wago

Yielding 4% to March, 1925, and 6% thereafter

WHITE, WELD & CO.

BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO

year will be larger this year than last, when it was a little over \$1,000,000. August, the Burlington operated at 100 per cent. This means that the earnings will be satisfactory, although the gross earnings were somewhat smaller because of general dullness of the fact that the grain market was not well under way. It is confident that during the year and the following three years.

On early this year industrial
and on gross income of Col-
Edison Co., but despite this
increase in both gross and net
income, although this year com-
pany, so large as in 1923 com-
1923

On September 27, 1924, the
holders of this Corporation, payable by
September 27, 1924. Checks will be mailed
WINFIELD S. SMITH, Treasurer

COLLINGWOOD SHOE CO., INC.
ENDICOTT, N. Y.
Manufacturers of
Quality Stitchdown Shoes and Sandals
Samples Submitted on Approval

**RAILROADS READY
TO HANDLE RECORD**

TYPE AWAITED

Sept. 19—Mergenthaums for the fiscal year are expected to show on the 125,000. This will be about 15 per cent below the previous record year.

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The advice of the association of the Chicago stock in the jewelry trade is brighter, and the volume for September is expected to be equal to the corresponding period for 1932. Collections as a whole are considered satisfactory.

COMMODITY PRICES

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (Special).—Following are the day's cash prices for Wholesale Merchandise:

Wheat, No. 1 spring	1.50 ¹ / ₂	1.60 ¹ / ₄	1.65 ¹ / ₂
Wheat, No. 2 red	1.40 ¹ / ₂	1.45 ¹ / ₄	1.45 ¹ / ₂
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.34	1.40 ¹ / ₄	1.40 ¹ / ₂

Maxwell Motor income account for the six months ended June 30, 1924, shows: Operating profit \$1,848,859; depreciation \$1,112,457; interest \$271,962; surplus \$464,440.

CANADIAN SURE TO MAKE RETAIL First Time This Has Happened in Ladies' Open Golf Since 1921

HAMILTON, Ont., Sept. 19 (Special).—For the first time since 1921, when Miss Cecil Leitch of England defeated Miss Mollie McBride of Montreal for the Canadian ladies open championship at Ottawa, the Dominion will this year have a representative in the final round of the championship.

When played started there were four Canadians and a like number of ladies from the United States still in the running and it was thought that the invaders would have at least an even break in the three previous days.

Miss Glenice Collett of Providence, the defending champion, upheld the eastern states by defeating Mrs. S. L. Reinhardt of Chicago, 5 and 4, in the first round. Mrs. Harold Hutchings of Winnipeg from Mrs. F. J. Mulqueen of Toronto in the second round, 4 and 3. Canadian representation in the final is assured by the presence of both Miss MacKenzie and Mrs. Hutchings in the upper half of the draw.

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Miss MacKenzie won the second and third holes after halving the first; but her opponent reduced the lead by taking the fourth hole. The next three were halved, although Mrs. Sterrett had a great chance to square the match at the seventh when she missed a putt of not more than a foot for a birdie. She put herself on even terms at the short eighth, but was 1 down at the turn when Mrs. Sterrett again squared the match and they continued without a change until the fifteenth where a birdie for a six gave the winner the lead which she did not relinquish until the remainder of the holes. The sixteenth was halved and both were on the seventh green with their thirds. Miss MacKenzie was six feet short with a putt for a birdie. Sterrett ran her right up to the cup where the ball hung on the lip. This gave Miss MacKenzie a better line to the hole and she cannoned in off her opponent's ball, for a half. There was no doubt as to the result on the eighteenth, Miss MacKenzie being put to the test by a birdie on the nineteenth, 4 and 3.

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Semifinals in Mid-Western Polo Final Round for Trophy and Championship Is Set for Sunday

DAYTON, O., Sept. 19 (Special).—Semifinals started today in the Mid-Western polo championship tournament, with the Fort Sheridan Club of Chicago, Ill., and the Buffalo Country Club of Buffalo, N. Y., playing the Buffalo Country Club of Buffalo, N. Y. Finals will be played Sunday and consolation finals Monday.

The impressive work of the Fort Sheridan team, which has been the army riders favorite to win the Mid-West trophy, in L. G. Smith, M. C. Corpening and P. F. Rodes, they possess three offensive and one rare ability. L. G. Smith, at No. 4, plays a good defensive game. The entire squad has the happy faculty of driving the ball for long distances and their aim is generally accurate. They are riders of the first water, have speedy models and are in the best of form. Remarkable playing to conquer them, as each one does all things well.

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Miss MacKenzie won the second and third holes after halving the first; but her opponent reduced the lead by taking the fourth hole. The next three were halved, although Mrs. Sterrett had a great chance to square the match at the seventh when she missed a putt of not more than a foot for a birdie. She put herself on even terms at the short eighth, but was 1 down at the turn when Mrs. Sterrett again squared the match and they continued without a change until the fifteenth where a birdie for a six gave the winner the lead which she did not relinquish until the remainder of the holes. The sixteenth was halved and both were on the seventh green with their thirds. Miss MacKenzie was six feet short with a putt for a birdie. Sterrett ran her right up to the cup where the ball hung on the lip. This gave Miss MacKenzie a better line to the hole and she cannoned in off her opponent's ball, for a half. There was no doubt as to the result on the eighteenth, Miss MacKenzie being put to the test by a birdie on the nineteenth, 4 and 3.

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PHILADELPHIANS START IN WELL Score 258 Runs for Eight Wickets Against Incognito

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 19 (Special).—In the start of the cricket match between the Incognito Cricket Club of London and the Gentlemen of Philadelphia at Haverton, yesterday, the Philadelphia players did not get a chance to bat and may find stern opposition when they take their turn as the match is resumed today.

As the crease was very soft from the rains of Wednesday night, the match did not start until 10 o'clock. J. M. Crozman, former Haverton College player, but now a member of the Merion Cricket Club, in his first stand at bat, ran up 31 runs, before being caught by G. F. Earle, and bowled by A. P. White. It was a magnificent stand, and Crozman followed with a well-played 34 runs.

The impressive work of the Fort Sheridan team, which has been the army riders favorite to win the Mid-West trophy, in L. G. Smith, M. C. Corpening and P. F. Rodes, they possess three offensive and one rare ability. L. G. Smith, at No. 4, plays a good defensive game. The entire squad has the happy faculty of driving the ball for long distances and their aim is generally accurate. They are riders of the first water, have speedy models and are in the best of form. Remarkable playing to conquer them, as each one does all things well.

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AMATEURS HOLD FINAL PRACTICE Golf Championship Starts Tomorrow at Merion Club Quinnet Wins Cup

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 19 (Special).—The final practice for the golf championship tournament, which will start tomorrow at the Merion Club, was held today. Quinnet won the cup.

As the crease was very soft from the rains of Wednesday night, the match did not start until 10 o'clock. J. M. Crozman, former Haverton College player, but now a member of the Merion Cricket Club, in his first stand at bat, ran up 31 runs, before being caught by G. F. Earle, and bowled by A. P. White. It was a magnificent stand, and Crozman followed with a well-played 34 runs.

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EIGHT VETERAN TEAMS IN THE NORTH CENTRAL RACE Competition for the Football Championship This Fall Promises to Be Interesting

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Sept. 15 (Special Correspondence).—Eight veteran teams leads by Creighton University and South Dakota State College, promise to make the third North Central Intercollegiate Conference football race an event long to be remembered in northwest sports annals.

Although Creighton and South Dakota State are usually strong this season, observers are not overlooking the University of South Dakota, Nebraska Wesleyan University, and University of North Dakota. Each of these has championship possibilities. Creighton, 1923 champion, Des Moines University, the North Dakota Agricultural College, the remaining league members, will put fast eleven in the campaign. They might even develop into crown winning teams, but at present, not much hope for the North Central title is held by the University of South Dakota, old-time Albion College star, has lost five of the last six games, including his great quarterback, Frank Johnson, who was injured in a game with the University of North Dakota.

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Hagen Meets Derr in the Semifinals Barnes Plays Maholtz in Other Match in Professional Tourney

FRENCH LICK, Ind., Sept. 19 (Special).—W. C. Hagen, New York, British open champion, playing with Ray Derr of Philadelphia, a newcomer in professional golf, and J. B. Barnes, of New York, a former national open champion, who matched his skill with Larry Maholtz, Lima, O., another professional, in the two semifinal matches in the national professional golf championship at French Lick today.

Hagen owed his presence in the penultimate round to a victory over John Farrell, 3 and 2, and looked for a time as though the veteran player would be beaten for he was putting poorly. He was, however, a strong contender, and he was playing well today. Derr reached the semifinals by holing putts from all over the green and thereby defeating Barnes and Maholtz, 3 and 1. In fact, Derr has been the surprise of the tournament thus far. He was undefeated yesterday in his approach, but his brilliant putting defeated Espinosa.

Barnes, after his severe struggle against J. B. Barnes in the first round when they went 39 holes, had it very easy, winning from Edward Towner, 10 and 8. He was, however, a strong contender, and he was playing well today. Derr reached the semifinals by holing putts from all over the green and thereby defeating Barnes and Maholtz, 3 and 1. In fact, Derr has been the surprise of the tournament thus far. He was undefeated yesterday in his approach, but his brilliant putting defeated Espinosa.

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BOSTON, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1924

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

EDITORIALS

The formation in Boston of an organization having for its purpose the defeat of the child labor amendment to the national Constitution offers one more reason why people who desire to protect childhood from the mercenary design of exploiters should be active and determined in their support of the amendment.

For Massachusetts, in particular, to oppose its adoption would seem to be a singularly shortsighted policy. Much of the prosperity of that State depends upon the prosperity of its textile industry, as indeed is the case in other New England states. The progress of that industry in its local manifestations is seriously menaced by the competition of underpaid and overworked child labor in certain other communities.

Until the conditions of labor shall be put upon a uniform basis throughout the whole Nation, states in which an enlightened public sentiment protects the child against exploitation will always be at the mercy of states in which no such humane sentiment exists. The moment when representatives of the textile industries are setting up a New England Week, and urging everybody to support New England industries, seems singularly ill-timed for the organization of a movement for throwing one great New England industry open to the unfair competition of communities in which child labor is not regulated with intelligence and with humanity.

Beyond question, the creation of this Massachusetts committee adds one more bit of evidence to the increasing proof that there will be a vigorous fight made upon the amendment, and that only by united and earnest endeavor can it be enacted. Only one state legislature, Arkansas, has thus far ratified it. Georgia and North Carolina have rejected it. Louisiana has indefinitely postponed its consideration; and in other southern states the indications are that it will be defeated. It should be instructive to its New England opponents to observe that the hostility to the amendment proceeds so largely from the very states in which the lack of any suitable state legislation on the subject makes possible unfair competition with the New England mills. Fall River, today suffering from widespread unemployment, has a special interest in the adoption of this amendment, with the consequent assurance that the labor of children in one section shall not be used to throw out of employment adult labor in the cotton mills of Massachusetts.

Voters should not be deceived by the parrot cry that the amendment will interfere with the employment of the farmer's boys in the fields, or the farmer's girls in the household. Domestic employment of that character is not involved. Nor should the fact that it gives Congress authority to legislate control over the labor of young people up to the age of eighteen indicate that that age will in fact be made the limit in congressional legislation. The amendment is merely an enabling act. It does not of itself effect the slightest regulation of child labor. It simply gives to Congress the permission, which has been denied by a Supreme Court decision, to enact such legislation as in its wisdom it may see fit for the regulation of the conditions of employment of children.

The congressional legislation which may follow should, and probably will, seek to regulate only the labor of those under sixteen, or perhaps fifteen, years of age. But already in many states conditions of labor of boys under eighteen years are prescribed, and in ten states the power is asserted and exercised to prohibit the employment of males under twenty-one years of age, in certain lines of activity. There is nothing revolutionary or menacing in the form of the amendment, and whatever legislation may be proposed under its authority by Congress will be subject to nation-wide discussion and will be enacted only upon general acceptance of its merit.

It is impossible to regard the opposition to this amendment as based on anything except either a mercenary purpose to keep down the wages of labor by the employment of children of a tender age, or a complete misunderstanding of the purpose as presented. The amendment seeks to make conditions of child labor identical throughout the United States. That purpose is one which it would seem that all right-minded people could properly applaud.

More and more clearly is the fact being impressed that the future success of the daylight-saving program, a relic of wartime activity in many countries, must depend upon its more general adoption, or at least upon an agreement to apply the plan by zones, rather than by states or cities.

The people of the United States have learned a valuable lesson from the national application of the rule establishing standard time zones. Formerly, prior to the enactment of national legislation fixing the time divisions somewhat arbitrarily, much confusion existed in the operation of the railroads and in establishing a common basis of agreement as to what measure of time should govern in the operation of related industries. Convincing proof of the feasibility and desirability of agreeing upon a basis generally acceptable has been found in the working out of national standard time schedules.

It is not to be wondered at that in those sections of the country where it has been thought advisable to continue daylight-saving schedules in force there should still exist a difference of opinion as to the advisability of perpetuating the self-imposed rule. Opinions seem to differ, those who reside in the country claiming to see advantages in the standard time schedules, while city dwellers, generally speaking, believe it to be to their advantage to work and play according to the daylight-saving clock. No arguments presented in support of either side have proved convincing to those to whom they have

been directed. In Massachusetts, therefore, the decision has been left to the voters, in the form of a referendum to be placed on the ballots at the election in the coming November. Perhaps no great significance would attach to this decision were it not that it appears that if the daylight-saving program is definitely abandoned by Massachusetts it will be foreordained to failure in other localities where it has been adhered to. Likewise it is claimed that if the practice is continued in that state it will gradually appeal so convincingly to the people of other states that in due time it may be adopted by all the states of New England and possibly by New York, where now standards are left to the option of the several cities.

Whatever may be the individual benefits derived from the newer time schedules, it would seem that unless the plan can be adopted by zones or groups it is certain to cause more or less confusion. It is as futile for a city, for instance, to adopt a schedule at variance with that of the country or its neighboring cities as it is for a state to enact a law penalizing all who may have the temerity to display any but standard time. Logically it is equally futile for one of a group of states whose interests are common to insist upon perpetuating a regulation found distasteful or inconvenient to its neighbors.

Admitting that the benefits to be gained from the daylight-saving plan are all and more than have been claimed for it, this fact should be made so apparent that the method would at once meet the approval of an overwhelming majority of the people of a zone or section. It must be by offering this convincing proof that a voluntary departure from any established rule, or custom is ever made possible.

For two decades Bengal has bred more trouble than any other province in British India.

If there be an exception, it is that uneasy belt to the far northwest, though there it is a matter of lawlessness from over the border, not violation of law at home. In the days of bomb-throwing and assassinations Bengal led the way. Most of the outrages occurred there; a greater part of the conspiracies centered there. Again has this hotbed of disorder drawn upon its unruly self the criticism directed toward those who set out to combat constituted authority and succeed, however temporarily, in overthrowing it. The Swarajists have refused not only to take the responsibilities of their majority in the Legislative Council, but also to accord any financial sanction to those responsibilities being discharged by others; they will neither take office themselves nor vote the salaries of other ministers. Thus the Governor, Lord Lytton, was left with alternatives of trying to form a new Cabinet, to which salaries might (or might not) be voted, or of applying the safeguards provided by the Constitution and taking into his own hands the administration of the "transferred departments." Following the latter course, he has prorogued the Council and taken over the services.

The incident has embittered feeling throughout an area where the return to the older system of government is sure to be misrepresented as an intolerable outrage upon democratic advance. Already (the well-informed "Statesman" reports) "deliberate attempts are being made to work up the province into a state similar to that which prevailed during the anti-partition campaign." And the end is not yet. It is all, of course, another move in those extremist tactics devised and directed by Mr. C. R. Das. Perhaps the most distinguished of native lawyers, he was once co-worker with Gandhi for the defeat of the diarchical plan by non-cooperation. Today he stands the poles removed from the mahatma on the question of methods: there is nothing of the passive resister in Mr. Das now. What this agitator aims to achieve is entirely clear: the Montagu-Chelmsford scheme must be proved impracticable, not because it is unworkable inherently, but because the Indians will refuse to work it.

It is clear, too, that he and his sort can accomplish this, though how they hope by such means to further their proclaimed desire for complete home rule is anything but apparent. To the contrary. By their efforts to stultify the transferred departments of government, they have furnished conclusive reasons for not trusting them with full government. They have pursued their demand for unequalled autonomy by methods which reveal a temperament utterly unfitted to make use of any such thing. Popular government, above all else, calls for the co-operative spirit, and a party which makes "Non-Cooperation" its battle cry, by that very slogan shouts itself out of court.

As you can never compel a man to act for his own good if he does not wish to, so to render the diarchy unworkable is an easy thing and simple. But what happens then? Under the Government of India Act, the existing administrative authorities "carry on," as now is seen in Bengal. In other words, the due processes of order cannot definitely be stopped. All that is possible is to force a change in the channel of their operation, and that change, be it noted, is one that removes them further from the representatives of the people. What has just come to pass obviously has postponed the day when India can offer adequate proof of its capacity to assimilate parliamentary forms and ways. Has it not, indeed, made pertinent the question as to whether Britain has not taken the wrong road in seeking to apply the western parliamentary method to a community that has nothing of the West in either nature or tradition?—that is so deeply segmented by race and religion?—that is so unready for a profitable use of the popular election?

Mr. Das has managed to create a difficult situation in a province which, at the best of times, is unreasonably hard to govern. The situation calls for great firmness, but Premier MacDonald has given fair assurance of no less: only the other day he announced ex cathedra that "no party in Great Britain would be cowed by threats of force or by a policy of bringing government to a standstill." The Bengal Swarajists have forced the issue.

Even in the cities, during these September nights, if it chances that one awakens after the usual sounds of traffic have been stilled, there may be heard, faintly at first and then somewhat more clearly, the unmistakable honk of geese in their long flight from north to south.

In New England and along the border of the lake country to the west, this is an unfailing portent, either in spring or fall, of seasonal changes. Now it heralds the approach of chilly nights, of frost upon the corn, and that change which turns the greens of the forests and the hillsides into yellows and browns and flaming reds. These, in their turn, mark the end of the harvest season on the farms and in the groves. The squirrels, alert and active, seem to have heard the warning of the feathered voyagers, unless indeed they too, by some inherent instinct, have become aware, unadvised, of the season's necessities. Nuts from hickory trees and hazel bushes are garnered into homes made snug for the approaching winter, and friendly corn fields are forced to yield a share of the season's stores.

On a morning when the clouds hang low and wind whistles wistfully through trees and about the buildings, there may be observed the hurried colonization of the smaller birds for their flight southward. There seems lacking that leadership and calm organization which marks the pilgrimage of the geese, and yet there appears to be a common purpose upon which all the little flocks are bent. The blackbirds, noisier and perhaps less willingly than their neighbors, make up their own exclusive band. Among them are perhaps hundreds of fledglings to whom the migration is a new experience. Possibly they had believed that the alders along the brook and the towering willows along the fence rows were their permanent habitation, and that it was always to be summer in the north. It may be that they are the only ones who are complaining because of the enforced eviction.

Even the wrens, the swallows and the robins prepare to join the exodus. The wrens, which have been comfortably housed in their apartments provided by some thoughtful boy or girl, serve summary notice of their enforced flight. But their lease is continuous, as they will prove when spring again arrives. They have no complaint to make of the treatment they have received. The robins, polite and decorous, depart as they came, noiselessly and cheerfully. They are friendly neighbors whose welcome is always assured.

In a month, more or less, Jim Crow and his family will be almost the only feathered people of the woods. An occasional bluejay will appear from time to time to share with the crows the scant food which remains in the open places, but for the most part the crows will reign supreme. They are the watchmen, as it were, the patrolmen who guard the hills and woods throughout the long months of winter. They see their neighbors depart upon their long journey to the south, and in turn observe them as they return again, spring after spring. One wonders why they, also, do not choose the warmer climate as their winter hunting ground. Possibly they delight, as do other sturdy denizens of the north country, in the continuing warfare with the north wind and the drifting snows.

Editorial Notes

A fact which has aroused some comment in musical circles of late is the number of French musicians who are signing contracts to appear in the United States during this coming season. There is Alfred Cortot, for example, who will lead both the New York and the Chicago Symphony orchestras; there is Marcel Dupre, one of the greatest of French organists, who will give a series of concerts beginning in Boston. Then Stravinsky, who, although not French, has made his career in France, is to visit America and play programs of French music; so will Nadia Boulanger, who will present modern French music in a series of concert lectures. The tenor, M. Delaquerrie, intends to return to the United States. It seems to be the unanimous opinion of all of the French who have come in contact with America, that French music and French musicians are now more favored than German music and musicians. Before the war the opposite was the case.

Not by any means the least interesting paper read at the Americanists' Congress at Gothenburg was that contributed by Dr. Sophus Larsen, chief librarian of Copenhagen University, concerning a reported joint Danish-Portuguese expedition to American shores through the Arctic Ocean a quarter of a century before the voyage of Columbus. Without going into details, it may be said that Dr. Larsen called attention to various accounts, traditions and a globe of 1537, all of which, he showed, point to such an expedition as having been successfully undertaken about 1466. Dr. Larsen explained that all these statements must be based upon some detailed account of this expedition, which unfortunately no longer exists. He added that Olaus Magnus's description of Iceland and Greenland, taken from documents he found in Venice, was probably connected with the Portuguese account of this joint expedition.

One can hardly blame the universities of Oxford and Cambridge for feeling that they have no place for a certain new class of Americans which is presenting itself for admission to their privileges. This class consists of young graduates of universities in the United States—generally sons of wealthy parents—who have decided that they wish to spend a short while in Europe, and that one or other of the great British universities would make an ideal center for them. These young men have no thought whatever concerning regular study, but they want to enjoy the charm of life at one of the two old English universities. The American University Union is receiving a number of inquiries from men of this sort, it is said, and is finding itself compelled to tell many that it can make no arrangements for them.

Again the Birds Fly South

Germany, Old and New

By AN ENGLISHMAN

The writer went to school in Germany; he was in Germany again before the war, and now once more has visited the country. The changes are interesting and noteworthy. Before the war the Kaiser spoke for Germany, and now Germany speaks for herself and succeeds in making herself heard, both in the Reichstag and in the press, and even in London.

The cry of "No More War" is now thoroughly popular with about 80 per cent of the population. The prancing horsemen, the pushing lieutenants, the loud-speaking corporals have gone. No more does the hotel waiter leave the old professor without any food while assiduously and humbly serving the young army officer who insists upon prompt attention.

Of course, the Nationalists still exist and rally round Ludendorff. They urge the secret arming of the people to turn France out of the Ruhr, and have no concern regarding Belgium or the question of war-guilt. They only discuss the mistakes which caused their disaster—the Socialists who threw up the sponge—President Wilson's interference, and what might have been if Von Kluck had not blundered. But they have not much influence, for the dukes and margraves have disappeared, and no more "vons" are now created to swell their ranks.

On "German Day" at Halle last May they managed to bring up 100,000 people to a demonstration. They scratched up uniforms and banners and unveiled a monument of Molke which had suffered damage from local Communists—but on that very day Raymond Poincaré fell in France, and with him their chief argument and last hope. M. Poincaré had been a red rag to them, but even this excuse France was taking away, and that another move down hill began for the "ancient regime." In Berlin during the London Conference it was remarkable how little influence these people exercised.

The question of the German flag is also worth mentioning. On the anniversary of "Constitution Day," for instance, when the Republic was proclaimed and the Republican flag of black, red and gold made a fine show, General Ludendorff's friends proposed to establish unofficial courts of honor which would try officers who fail to salute the old flag of black, white and red. They proposed to try General Deimling, who had an honorable war record, on the charge of saluting the new flag—but Count Albrecht Montgelas in the *Vossische Zeitung* dealt so trenchantly with this business that it took all the wind out of their sails.

Such incidents help the Republic, but as yet the great mass of Germans, living as they do in discomfort, owing to the effects of the war, hardly grasp the extent of the change which is so striking to a visitor. Some imagine the Kaiser may come back—others that war may break out again, but most admit that politics are in a mess, and when their attention is called to the changes that have come about they agree that many ways things are better than they used to be. Some even go so far as to say that it was a good thing that they lost the war and that the spending of time and energy on the war business should end.

Side by side with this democratic recrudescence is a revival of interest in religion. Before the war the Lutheran Church could depend on

the Court for money, influence and advancement. It was a state church, but it was losing its hold on the people, many of whom merely subscribed for a pew to keep their names on the church register, though they had lost all interest in religion.

Now religion must make its way without state patronage. Here is the Germany of Luther, of Spitta, of Hammelein and of the Moravian Brothers springing into new life with its irresistible force.

Germany is today in a financial quagmire: during the inflation of the currency all mortgages were paid off, but no one will now lend money on the security of real property for fear of the Reparation Commission.

There is no credit in Germany, and industry is suffering from stagnation in consequence. The passage of the Dawes report law through the Reichstag was a genuine step forward, but it looks as if for years to come America and England must give Germany help to enable her to pay her war debts, and the best way to do this is to release her from the need of spending money in armaments.

If this were done, England could allow Germans to settle in the Dominions and even in the old German colonies. This was the British policy for two centuries. German settlers were sent with the full approval of the British Government to the American plantations, to South Africa and to Canada. Germans went in large numbers to Australia, and many of the descendants of these settlers fought with the Allies in the recent war. In South Africa the experiment proved a great success.

There is little resentment left in Germany toward the Allies, but the liberal policy would enable both sides to bury the hatchet. Germany must have some outlet for her great population. Her settlers would send her the raw materials for her home industries; that would revive her credit and help to solve her financial troubles.

The period of inflated currency has passed: having reached the point where 1,000,000,000 marks was about equal to one English shilling, it was decided to stop inflation and to revert to a gold basis. One Rentenmark was made equal to 1,000,000,000 marks, and people saved writing many ciphers.

The striking off of twelve "0's" from the capital of business houses naturally caused a serious shrinkage in almost all concerns and consequent hard times.

The question then arises, and it is a serious one, how these companies can raise new capital. It may be expected that it will be possible to find some English capital for such German businesses as supply the English market with goods more easily made in Germany than in England. It is necessary, however, to face the fact that Europe cannot afford to buy what she bought before the war, and that the financial recovery will be slow and dependent on a strict adherence to the policy of peace and retrenchment. The frontiers of Europe must cease to be an excuse for armaments, and the game of dodging the custom house will have to be ended.

The scheme for establishing free trade in the United States of Europe is often discussed, along with the consequent relations of Europe to America, Asia and Africa.

Foolish Tramps in the Mountains

Madrid, Sept. 5

Up the hill he comes covered in a trailing head-and-shoulder-load of hay. The sky tumbles its blue upon him, the mountains throw up their blue heights. He is 5000 feet up among a million wild flowers, honeysuckle in the air and blue thistles bringing the sky to earth. Up the hill he comes. We ask him the way but he passes by, taking no notice.

Then he comes back, a little black-haired man, with a broad, coppery smile and a shrug to his shoulders. He seats himself on a fallen tree.

"Sit down," he says. "How can a man talk to strangers and carry the hay? So I just threw it in the hut and came back. The way over the collado? Good! You see this path. Well, take it all along to the left, the right, but following, following till you come to a river, a stream, no, a brook, yes, a little river. Cross the river and turn to the right," he says, pointing with his left hand.

"The left," I suggest.

"No, the right," says he, holding up the right hand. "Then go on following, following till you come to a patch. But, wait, there's another way. Take this path, always to the right till you come to the river, or brook, well, the little river I told you about, and then before you get there turn to the left and go straight up the hill." And so he goes on, and we are more mystified than ever. If we could only get a way up this terrible hill.

He goes on confusing himself and us and then he says with the friendly, coppery smile of his, "How old are you? Bueno! Married or single, Married? So am I. Oh, it's much better. More tranquil, much better. I like it. Are you German? Ah, English. Hum. And you come from? Ah, Santander. And you walked all the way? Why? What of your own free will you are walking all that way, because you want to, not because you have to! Of your own free will, really? Oh, mother, fools! Mad! Absolute fools!" And he smacks the knees of his black corduroys.

He says he lives in Espinosa and all the summer tends the cattle and the hay in the passes. In the winter he stays in the village, for the snow is four feet deep above. In Espinosa, he says, there is peace, and life enough for a man like him, and he loves the high air of the passes and the hot, earthy life of the laborer. He tells us the mountain people are illiterate savages.

"In Cain, a savage people. It is a terrible thing," he says. "But of your own free will you choose to walk the Asturias?" He asks again incredulously.

"Yes," we say.

"Mad! Mad!" he says quietly, scratching his head.

We push up the hill and hear his laughter. "Fools! Walking all the way! Mad! Ha! Ha! Ha!" and so chuckling he sits down and drinks cow's milk from a horn and cuts a slice from a clumsy maize loaf.

It is a great struggle over the mountain, but it is a proud moment when we sink exhausted at the top and see the tossing grandeur of the other ranges, flowing like an interminable sea. Tidal waves. Across the wide valley we hear a man calling the cattle. He is so far away and so high we can scarcely see him, but the wind brings odd notes of his voice to us. We plunge down the mountain, and after a great struggle, follow a river bed into Santa Marina, a brown heap of roofs, with no streets.

In a barn peasants are selling rough clothes. Children tell us there is no fonda. They take us to a cottage. A great fire is blazing on the floor. There are brass and copper pans lying about. A bedraggled, wild and dirty girl calls her mother, who offers to cook for us all she has. We eat upstairs in a barn room, with a wonderfully carved table, centuries old, to eat from. The food is swimming in oil and the old lady comes up, chases a cat out of the room, and apologizes endlessly for the rough fare. She tells us the water of Santa Marina is the purest and coldest in Spain and that people cross the world to get it. We drink large jars of it.

She tells us, in a queer, sad way, of the men who every year leave the village for South America, who learn how to write, write a little, and then as the years drop past, leave off writing. The Argentine took her brother, and eighteen years have passed and not a word from him.

"They go, many of them. They say here it is too poor. They say they will come back the richest men in Spain. But in the entire world, I tell them, there is no water as good and pure as the water of Santa Marina. Do you like it?" says she.

Then in the heat of the afternoon we loiter among wild flowers and ferns, rich dragonflies to Valdeon and find the posada there. It is a tumble-down place with a shop to it. It is full of carters and is very dark and stuffy. The carters are arguing and grunting. From the ceiling hang coils of rope, boots, slippers, cheeses, dried fish, and a miscellany of things, smelling aggressively new. A woman is serving a shy farmer's boy. She tells him the hat suits him perfectly, that a better fit she never saw, a wonderful hat and the cheapest in Spain. We fall into conversation with the carters. They are

very courteous, though with the air of pirates. They disagree violently about the time it will take to do the next miles into Orreaga. Anything from six to two hours, they say. The two-hour man has great disputes with his friends, and it turns out he usually does the journey in four hours, having got across in two hours in the spring to hear a will read. People come and add pleasantness about the heat. They all say, "Well, what matters it to them?" The customary fatalistic "Nothing! Nothing!" is the reply. One carter falls asleep and when he awakes protests a man cannot work in such sun. It turns out he does little enough when there is no sun. A great, lean hayraker of a man. A hearty woman turns in and cries greetings to her husband. "What news?" says the lean carter, brightening up. "Nothing!" she says. "Nothing. God hasp! changed the weather. He sends no rain and the priest says he can't do anything." This in simple tones. We wonder if she is mocking. Then we go out, to a chorus of "Go with God! May your journey be good!" We cross the stream and eat wild cherries brought to us by one of the village women. She asks, do we not love the terrible gray peaks standing aside from the valley? V. S. P.

Letters to the Editor

Brief communications are welcomed, but the editor must remain sole judge of their suitability, and he does not undertake to hold himself or this journal responsible for the facts or opinions presented. Anonymous letters are destroyed unread.

Private Landlordism and Taxation

To the Editor of The Christian Science Monitor:

The recent editorial in the Monitor on the folly of taxing industry is instructive. Every country with an enlightened self-interest must shape its policy for ultimate free trade through the abolition of Government interference beyond the point of creating and maintaining equal opportunity. Restriction of production and distribution have resulted in monopolistic conditions involving not only unemployment and low wages, but also high prices.

Poor markets also result, and it is doubtful whether manufacturers are in reality better off financially than they would be were production, wages and markets all in larger volume. Senator La Follette invokes as a remedy the Sherman Anti-Trust Law. It is difficult to believe him serious.

We think in terms of money. Why not begin to think in terms of real wealth, in the things that money buys in human welfare and happiness?

The natural order is that of equal freedom in business, in universal mutual service, and in the development to the highest degree of the faculties with which man has been endowed; but before these conditions can be attained, the main barrier to human liberty, namely, private landlordism, must be abolished. Our efforts will be useless until that is done.

Business men must have but one landlord—the Government—and but one tax—the annual value reflected in that land by the Government. It may be that the business of the future will be organized into great corporations, but with free access to mother Earth, it is easy to see that the character of corporations must change from organizations of debt holders to organizations of workers. South Pasadena, Calif. H. H. L.

"The Navy in the Tropics"

To the Editor of The Christian Science Monitor:

In the Monitor of Sept. 10, at the bottom of Mr. Oswald Garrison Villard's letter bearing upon your editorial, "The Navy in the Tropics," you make the statement that "It is difficult for one belligerent to avoid inflicting losses on 'children,' when the other arms cadets of tender years and employs them in actual warfare."

The writer was a resident of Vera Cruz during the American occupation and thinks you have been misinformed in that the cadets referred to were acting upon orders from their Government.

The "ejercito de linea" (regular army) of the Mexican Government offered no resistance and did not come in contact with the American forces. The Mexican general in authority at that point, upon learning that the Americans were landing, decided to gather up his troops. They evacuated the city, going out via the Mexican Railway, encamped at a distance which it was thought would be within the reach of the American battleships, tore up the tracks and awaited for what they thought was the "invading army" to engage them in a fight, both outside the port and beyond the reach of the gunboats. Of course, the American forces did not venture beyond the port of Vera Cruz, thus avoiding any real clash with Mexican forces.

The cadets of the Mexican Naval School of Vera Cruz, without instructions from their Government, took it upon themselves to try to check the "invaders," and the writer saw groups of Mexican citizens running to and fro crying out for arms. These were the only opponents the Americans forces encountered. But both the citizens and the cadets were firing at the American forces setting foot on the port, thus starting the fatalities on both sides. Atlanta, Ga. A. R.